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We make all styles of Machines.

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STEADY INCOME AT HOME. You can make $25 per Week. Either Sex. I'll Start you in the Mail Order Business day or evening. No Peddling. M. Young, 363 Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Announcement.

We have purchased Mr. H. A. Rankin's entire stock of

Sash,
Doors,
Transoms,
Side-Lights,
&c.

In this lot are some sizes we do not usually carry in stock and which we will sell at

VERY LOW PRICES.

We would suggest to those who contemplate building or repairing that they call on us and select what they need before making window and door frames, as they can save money by making frames to suit these sizes.

To the ladies who wish to put up

China Closets

we would state that we have a few sets of Doors and Sash Doors at a low price, and if they wish a pit or hot bed we can furnish some odd size sash glazed to the extent of our stock of scrap glass at very low prices.

In addition to the above we have a car load of Sash and Doors standard sizes, we are looking for daily, and when received we will be prepared to furnish anything in this line.

We offer for the next two weeks

ten per cent. reduction in

HEATING STOVES,

as we must make room for Spring stock of Agricultural Implements, &c., &c.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
January 11-d3twtf

For Mothers!

THE discomforts and dangers of child-birth can be almost entirely avoided. Wine of Cardui relieves expectant mothers. It gives tone to the genital organs, and puts them in condition to do their work perfectly. That makes pregnancy less painful, shortens labor and hastens recovery after child-birth. It helps a woman bear strong healthy children.

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has also brought happiness to thousands of homes barren for years. A few doses often brings joy to loving hearts that long for a darling baby. No woman should neglect to try it for this trouble. It cures nine cases out of ten. All druggists sell Wine of Cardui. $1.00 per bottle.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mrs. LOUISA HALE, of Jefferson, Ga., says: "When I first took Wine of Cardui we had been married three years, but could not have any children. Nine months after I had a fine girl baby."

If rests with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nerve-disturbance, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket. 50c and $1. All druggists, or by mail. Book "Don't Smoke Your Life Away" free. Sold and guaranteed by your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 2 boxes, $2.50. Guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

STOP SMOKING

A QUESTION OF HONOR.

We gave yesterday copies of the papers submitted to the Senate committee in the matter of the pledges made by the Cumberland Democracy during the late vital campaign and by means of which pledges it was enabled to carry the County for the Democratic white man's ticket. The purpose of those papers was to show that the Democracy of Cumberland was in honor bound to take the position that the Dispensary question should be submitted to a vote of the people. As the reader will have seen, the case was completely made out—it was perfect and flawless.

Experienced legislators declare that that there is no precedent for the action of the Legislature under the circumstances. That is to say, the three members from a county unite in declaring that in a matter of local legislation the victorious party had pledged itself to a certain course, and their colleagues of the dominant party, controlling a three fourths majority, force them to stand discredited before their constituents. The case is not only without precedent but is past understanding.

We cannot help believing that if the legislators had had before them, in time for digestion, copies of the printed case as presented by us yesterday, the result would have been far different. As Mr. Rose declared, those who set the altogether subordinate question of the merits of one kind of liquor selling as contrasted with another above a question of party honor, are prohibitionists before they are Democrats.

It is noteworthy that there are nineteen members of the committee which heard this case, and yet, notwithstanding the unusual interest which the case excited, but seven of them attended the hearing.

So far as the Democracy of Cumberland is concerned, its leaders have done their best to keep the pledges by which it secured a return to power, and it will ever be a source of pride to those who have recorded their names on the side of party honor that they stood fast in such a memorable crisis. All that could be done to prevent party disintegration has been done by them. They have sacrificed their time and money and, in some instances, their business and other interests, for the right, and they may rest content with the consciousness of duty performed.

It was a party matter, and there was but one side to take.

SEVENTY-FIRST ITEMS.

A long time we have thought a something to have sent you, but Duty that stern daughter of the gods, has been holding us closely by the hand and leading day by day to Stoney Brook Female Institute, where there are at present forty two boys and girls who appear to be literally hungering for knowledge—so it will be readily seen that necessary duties have filled each day, to the exclusion of some duties which have come to be pleasures.

Perhaps you would like to know something of the school, to which has been given the rather high sounding title of Stoney Brook Female Institute. It is situated in the eastern part of Pender county, twelve miles from the coast, in one of the best neighborhoods of the county. The people are cultured, refined and hospitable. Near here is Holly Shelter Pocasin, a bay thirty miles long and ten miles wide. In sight of the bridge which spans Ashe's creek are a few posts, decayed and covered with the moss of years—"a green old age"—which are the only remains of a mill which was built by Lord Rutherford, the original owner of Stoney Brook plantation, from which our Institute takes its name and which is now owned by Mr. R. T. Williams, a prominent citizen here, whose eight lovely daughters make his home an exceedingly charming and delightful one.

There are, too, some traces of the Revolution. On the roadside along which our feet tread day by day, are yet to be seen mounds which were once breastworks, and about six miles away is the site of Lillington Hall, of Revolutionary fame. One regrets that the Hall was destroyed by fire some five years ago: we should have liked to see the secret panel, with its covering of Japanese moulding, behind which Gen. Lillington kept himself in hiding long ago. We may write again of this place and tell you of the old cemetery, where rest the ashes of the earliest English settlers of this section.

Near here, also, is the famous Bear Garden plantation, comprising ten thousand acres, now owned by Col. Franz Mayer of New York, who recently purchased it for the sum of $65,000. Its game preserves are well stocked with deer, bears, wild-cats and smaller game and heretofore have been the mecca of numerous hunting parties, but the present owner has his land "posted", with strict injunctions to his agent to keep it so.

These are a church going people, so on Sundays we attend services at Mt. Williams church, which was originally a branch of Hopewell church. Mt. Williams was built in 1830, the first structure being a small building of logs, built and donated to the Presbyterian organization by Mr. Harry Williams, father of the gentleman of whom mention has been already made. This church, as well as Hopewell, Rockfish, Pike and several others in the county were served for many years by Rev. D. B. Black, who received part of his education at Donaldson Academy years ago and whose second son is a beloved minister in our Presbytery of Fayetteville. Mr. Black was greatly loved by the people whom he served so long and faithfully and is held in most affectionate remembrance by them. In almost every home one finds his pictured face, calm, hopeful, tender and benignant; and to declare relationship to him is to obtain open sesame to the hearts of the homes and cordial handclasps.

These churches are now supplied by Rev. John Stanly Thomas, a brother of our recently elected congressman.

Most of the people here are engaged in trucking, and strawberries are their staple crop. Perhaps when monkeys shall have become generally disseminated throughout the South as cotton pickers, they may be employed to gather this delicious fruit if they be kept from tasting it. Success to the monkeys!

SCOTCH LASSIE.

A woman's letter is never complete without a postscript, so we add this to say that the farmers here sometimes raise larger truck than strawberries. This year Mr. C. P. Moore killed a hog which weighed 420 pounds; Mr. David Armstrong one weighing 430 pounds; Mr. E. T. Williams one which weighed 350 pounds and Mr. John Bannerman one which tipped the scale at 310.

S. L.

The Democratic Position in the Dispensary Fight.

The following are the papers which Major Hale submitted to the Senate Committee at the hearing of the Cumberland county Dispensary matter on Tuesday:

MEMORIAL OF CITIZENS' MEETING.

We are aware that the House of Representatives has acted in this matter, but we believe that they have done so under a misapprehension of the facts. We therefore respectfully ask that they reconsider their vote and that both houses take such action as will enable the Democracy of this county to fulfill the pledges made by its candidates in the late election and with out which it would not have been able to carry the county for the Democratic ticket. These pledges were to the effect that if the Democracy were restored to power, the question of the repeal of the Dispensary should be submitted to a vote of the people at an off election.

We understand that the decision of the House Committee on Propositions and Grievances was determined by considerations of the importance of postponing a popular vote upon such questions as are calculated to divide the whites, until the electorate is purged of corruptible negroes.

We admit the force of this view fully, and heartily sympathize with those who entertain it, but it does not apply in this case, and for the following reasons:

The Fayetteville Dispensary question is different from all the others of similar character in the State, in this vital respect, viz: that the Dispensary at Fayetteville is already established, and consequently we are not suggesting a division of the whites upon the question of establishing a Dispensary, which is the form in which the question is presented in the other counties; that a Dispensary law is not of the nature of general legislation, which may be enacted without a vote of the people; that the Fayetteville Dispensary was established without the bill there for being submitted to a vote of the people; that it was the act of a Republican Legislature; and that it was admittedly forced upon the Democracy of Fayetteville as a punishment for their defeat of the negro police bill.

In view of this state of affairs, and holding the opinion that the retention of a law so imposed upon the people would be even worse than the original act, the Democracy of this county took it for granted that it would be unconditionally repealed immediately upon the recovery of the State government by the Democracy, leaving the field open for such affirmative legislation on the subject as the General Assembly might see fit to enact.

But while such was the Democratic view of this matter before the opening of the campaign, the stress of the canvass for white supremacy induced our county candidates to waive the party's right to unconditional repeal and to agree that the question of repeal should be submitted to the popular vote at an off-election.

This agreement operated to bind the party both ways, and we have no recourse except to abide by it.

As harmony cannot be maintained in the ranks of a party which deliberately violates the pledges upon which it secured power, we respectfully ask that you take such action as will enable us to make our pledges good.

E. J. HALE,
Member State Central Democratic Committee and for the Citizens' Meeting.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Feb. 6 1899.

To the Committee on Propositions and Grievances — Senate of North Carolina:

GENTLEMEN:—I intended to be present at the hearing of the Cumberland County Dispensary matter before your Committee, but as our court is in session I find it impossible to get off.

As a member of the State Democratic Executive Committee and Chairman of the Democratic Finance Committee in Cumberland County, I would say that it was generally understood that this question would be left to a vote of the people in the event of Democratic success.

We had an adverse majority of about seven hundred and fifty to overcome in this county and it was highly necessary to keep every question outside of White Supremacy in the back ground. Nearly all of the leading, working Democrats with whom I have talked, though some of them will vote for the Dispensary, say that this matter should be submitted to a vote of the people. What effect the Dispensary has on revenue and morality should not be considered now. All these matters will be discussed when the bill comes before the people to be voted upon.

I think it highly necessary that this matter should be settled now or it will cause us an endless amount of trouble in our politics hereafter. The cardinal principle of the Democratic party is, that the people shall have the right to govern their affairs as they think best. I hope, therefore, that you will report the bill favorably and leave the matter to a vote of the people.

I. A. MURCHISON.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
February 2, 1899.

Mr. W J. Smith, Godwin, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—Your letter received, and would have been answered sooner, but I was from home when it came.

In answer to your questions, would say: The pledges were made by the candidates. The question of Dispensary never came up before any meeting of the Executive Committee, nor was there ever a meeting called to discuss this matter. If I remember rightly, you have been present at every meeting held by the Executive Committee since I have been chairman. Messrs. Leavitt and Oates asked me if the Dispensary was an issue in the campaign? I answered it was not. They then asked was there any understanding with me? I said not. Did the candidates make any pledges? I said I did not know. I went at once and interviewed the candidates, and they said that they had promised in the canvass that they would use their best efforts to bring this matter before the people and let it be decided by a vote. This promise was not made in their speeches, but to all who approached them on the subject, and was made to prevent the matter from being forced into the campaign as an issue.

Now these are all the facts in the case as I have them. Now the question is: Is the party bound by the pledges of its candidates? From the above statement I hold that it is.

As requested, I have made a statement in DAILY OBSERVER.

Yours very truly,
W. W. HUSKE, Chairman.

To all Whom it May Concern:

I, Colin MacRae, as chairman of the Municipal Executive Committee of the Democratic party of the City of Fayetteville, N. C., certify that after talking over the matter of the Dispensary with the members of the committee, those all agree to and agreed that prior to the election and at the election it was understood that if the Democratic ticket was successful both by the men who favored the Dispensary and those who were upon and against it, that the law that was passed by the Legislature of 1897, creating the same would be abolished and the question would be submitted to the qualified voters of the county for Dispensary or no Dispensary.

Feb. 3, 1899. COLIN MACRAE, Chairman.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
January 30, 1899.

Hon Geo. M. Rose:

DEAR SIR:—In reply to your inquiry would say that as the Democratic candidate for Clerk of the Court for Cumberland County, and knowing the importance of uniting our entire white vote to secure my election, before the election, I consulted with representative men on each side of what is known as the "Dispensary question," and it was understood that the said matter should not enter into the canvass, but would be referred to the people at an off election.

The Bill of Mr. Robinson covers what I understood was the position taken by the Democratic candidates on said subject.

Very respectfully,
A. A. MCKETHAN,
Clerk Superior Court.
J. T. BYNUM,
Register of Deeds.
GEO. A. BURNS,
Sheriff.
A. B. WILLIAMS,
Ch'n County Com.

After interviewing the different candidates, I find the within statements in keeping with a statement made to me by the candidates as to pledges made during the canvass as to the Dispensary.

W. W. HUSKE,
Ch'n Ex. Com.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
January 30, 1897.

Hon G. M. Rose:

DEAR SIR:—I was the Democratic candidate in 1898 for County Surveyor and was elected. My understanding was that the matter of Dispensary would be submitted to a vote of the people on its own merits.

WILLIAM ALDERMAN,
Co. Snr. of Cum.

[Treasurer Troy signed the petition asking that the question be submitted to the popular vote, and Coroner Cavinees telegraphed his assent to the proposition that such was the candidates' pledge. Thus all the county officers and the County and City Democratic chairmen sustain our three Democratic members of the Legislature in their position that the party was bound by the pledge to submit the Dispensary matter to a vote of the people.]

F. I. L. I. Company's Record of Death of Capt. James M. Vann.

MR. CHAIRMAN:

Captain James M. Vann died in Warrensville, S. C., February 1st, 1899, at 3 p. m. At one time he was an active member of this Company and ever afterwards was an honored veteran member. His soldierly qualities and integrity of character won him a Captaincy, which position he filled like the good citizen and soldier combined that he was. One of the few who are now left who attended the celebration of the Company's 50th Anniversary, he was proud of our record of a century, he loved the Company, and its cause was his; their triumphs his; and willingly he shared their downfalls and troubles. He taught his sons to be members of the Company he loved. As a good citizen he was much esteemed and respected by all for his quiet, unassuming life—was a good example for men to follow. With muffled drum we have laid him to rest under the shady trees of Cross Creek cemetery. Over his grave we have fired a farewell salute. We have lost a friend. The community has lost a good citizen. An All Wise Providence has called him to his rest. To honor his memory we ask that the Secretary record this paper and mark a blank page: "In memory of Captain James M. Vann." That a copy of this be sent the town papers for publication, and that the Secretary transmit a copy to the family assuring them of our heartfelt sympathy.

Respectfully submitted,
J. G. HOLLINGSWORTH,
J. B TILLINGHAST,
N. H MCGEACHY,
Committee.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on B. E. Sedberry & Son, Druggist, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

These are dangerous times for the health Croup, colds and throat troubles lead rapidly to Consumption. A bottle of One Minute Cough Cure used at the right time will preserve life, health and a large amount of money. Pleasant to take; children like it. King Bros.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

THE NEW DISPENSARY LAW.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That section 2 of Chapter 235 of the Public Laws of 1897 be stricken out and the following substituted:

"Section 2. On the first Monday in March, 1899, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and annually thereafter, the members of the Board of Commissioners of Cumberland county, the Mayor and the Board of Audit and Finance of the City of Fayetteville, and the qualified residents of Cumberland County, who, when so elected, shall constitute the Dispensary Board for Cumberland county; but the Mayor, who shall preside at such meetings, shall not vote except in case of a tie. The compensation of the members of said Dispensary Board shall be one per centum to each of the net proceeds. All vacancies in the Dispensary Board shall be filled by the joint votes of the County Commissioners and the Mayor and Board of Audit and Finance in meeting assembled."

Section 2 That Section 3 of said Chapter 235 of the Public Laws of 1897, be amended as follows: Strike out the first five lines of said Section 3 down to and including the word "Liquors" on the sixth line, and substitute the following for said lines: "The Dispensary Board of Cumberland county shall establish one dispensary in the city of Fayetteville, which shall be the only dispensary in Cumberland county for the sale of spirituous, vinous and malt liquors." Strike out the word "each" in the seventh line of said Section 3 and substitute the word "said" before the word "dispensary."

Section 3. That section 4 of said Chapter 235 be amended by striking out the words "and furnish" in line four down to and including the word "board" in line five, and striking out all of said Section 4 between the words "Fayetteville" in the eighth line and the words "said manager" in the fourteenth line. Strike out the words "the said treasurer" in the seventeenth line and insert in lieu thereof the following words: "the treasurers of the city of Fayetteville and of the county of Cumberland, one-half to each." Strike out the word "with" at the end of the seventeenth line and insert after the word "made" in the eighteenth line the following words: "shall be filed monthly with the treasurer of Cumberland county and shall be kept by months by said treasurer." In the nineteenth line of said Section 4 change the word "treasurer" to "treasurers." Strike out the words "the same" and insert the words "of all moneys received from the Dispensary." Strike out all after the word "same" in the nineteenth line beginning with the word "dispensers" in said line and including the remainder of said Section 4.

Section 4 Amend Section 7 of said Chapter 235 by adding after the word "excess" in the ninth line of said Section the following: "or if he knows that the liquor applied for is intended for the use of any such person."

Section 5. Amend Section 8 of said Chapter 235 by striking out all of said Section after the word "monthly" in the sixth line thereof and adding after said word "monthly" the following: "the authorities of the County of Cumberland and of the City of Fayetteville shall exercise due diligence to enforce the provisions of this Act."

Section 6. Amend Section 10 of said Chapter 235 by adding the words "from what person, firm or corporation procured, together with the price per gallon (or otherwise, as the case may be)" between the word "procured" and the word "the" in the sixth line of said Section.

Section 7. Amend Section 13 of said Chapter 235 by adding thereto the following: "for the purposes of this Act the words 'dispenser' and 'Manager of the County Dispensary' shall mean the same thing; and the word 'clerk' shall mean any person, other than the Dispenser, employed in the Dispensary."

Red Hot From the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures cuts, bruises, burns, boils, felons, corns, skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

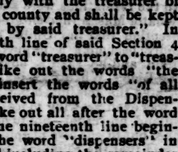
The smallest things may exert the greatest influence. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are unequalled for overcoming constipation and liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. King Bros.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by H. B. HOENE, Druggist, Fayetteville, N. C.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

TWO LIVES.



Upon the strength and condition of an expectant mother depend not only her own life but the life and perfection of her child.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

will overcome all ills peculiar to the period preceding childbirth, and will prepare the delicate organism directly involved for the final ordeal. Mother's Friend is not an internal cure-all, but a scientific liniment approved by medical authority and established by years of successful use.

Sold by druggists for $1. Valuable book, "Before Baby is Born," sent free on application.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures. That is what it was made for.

(From Friday's Daily.)

News of Interest.

The democrats will take charge of the penitentiary to-morrow. There will no doubt be quite a shaking up of employees.

J. M. Ruffin, of Rocky Mount, N.C., attempted to commit suicide on a sleeper on the Louisville and Nashville train, yesterday, by slashing his wrists. He is in a serious condition. A dispatch from New Orleans says: He said he was the superintendent of a cotton mill in North Carolina and that he was coming here to the carnival; said he had no family and was tired of living. He had $1,420 in cash on his person and a check and other valuables aggregating $21,000.

The House Judiciary Committee, yesterday afternoon decided to report in favor of the impeachment of Judge Norwood.

Those voting for impeachment were: Moore, Clarkson, Foushee, Gattis, Robinson, Patterson of Robeson; Carr, Brown of Stanley, Hartsell, Currie of Bladen, Boushall, Sterns, Gilliam and Justice.

Those voting nay were Rountree, Winston, McLean of Harnett, Leatherwood, McIntosh and Ray of Macon (last named by proxy, as he is very sick.)

Items from Adjoining Communities of Bladen and Cumberland Counties and St. Paul's.

St. Paul's, N. C., Feb'y 6th, 1899

Dr. J. L. McMillan filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church yesterday.

Mr. George McGoogan, one of our prominent young men, left for Georgia on last Monday, Jan. 30th.

Miss Charlotte Alford returned from the Rennert community, where she has been visiting relatives, on last Friday.

Prof. A. R. Kinnedy and sister, Miss Mattie, went to Lumberton last Saturday.

Mrs. Dr. J. L. McMillan arrived here on last Wednesday. The Doctor will occupy the parsonage and begin house keeping at an early date.

Prof. Kinnedy had a geography match on the style of a spelling match on last Friday. The pupils were required to name the capitals of each State in the Union, and then of the European countries. Miss Della McGoogan and Miss Ella Johnson stood until all the others were seated. These young ladies deserve much credit.

The literary society of last Friday evening was very interesting. Those of the debating section all gave good speeches. Miss Florence Alford and Miss Flora McCormick read good essays and the recititations and declamations were all very good.

Messrs. A. R. McEachern and Marcus Smith are wearing broad smiles—both boys.

Mr. J. D. Johnson, of lower Cumberland, was among the visitors to St. Paul's last week.

There will be preaching at Fisher's Methodist church next Sunday evening at 3:30 p. m.

Mr. Charlie Johnson returned from near Baxley, Ga., to his old home near St. Paul's last Friday. Mr. Johnson will remain in North Carolina this year.

Now for A Tobacco Warehouse.

We publish the subjoined communication with great pleasure. Let us be up and doing, both those who believe our trade is better under the Dispensary and those whose lowered rents lead them to the opposite opinion.

MR. EDITOR:—Now that the absorbing question that has been agitating our people has been settled by the Legislature, I wish to remind the people that the erection of a Tobacco Warehouse is a live issue, and, if we want to keep pace with our neighbors at Dunn and Clinton who have raised the funds to erect warehouses in their town, we must be up and doing. A committee will call on our citizens in the next few days for subscriptions to build a suitable building for the sale of Tobacco, and we hope every one will lend a helping hand. Shares of stock will be put at such a figure that all can help. Let us all put our shoulders to the wheel and push along this highly important enterprise for our city.

W. S. COOK.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Edaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher.

CONSTIPATION

"I have gone 14 days at a time without a movement of the bowels, not being able to move them except by using hot water injections. Chronic constipation for seven years placed me in this terrible condition; during that time I did everything I heard of but never found any relief; such was my case until I began using CASCARETS. I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give $1000 for such movement; it is such a relief." AYLMER L. HUNT, 1039 Russell St., Detroit, Mich.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
CURE CONSTIPATION.
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 310

The Fayetteville Colored Soldiers

Thursday we announced the arrival that afternoon of the Fayetteville members of Col. Jim Young's colored Third regiment. They were mustered out in Macon Wednesday morning, some of them bring home as much as $150 apiece. Everyone with whom we talked was sorry to leave the army. All but one of the Fayetteville contingent who volunteered returned yesterday, the other one, Urish Handy, having died in camp at Macon and was brought home for burial some time ago.

The following is a list of the returning soldiers, all of whom belonged to Company I:

First Lieutenant, Menus Murphy; 1st Sergeant, Henry Swinson; Sergeant Jack Hatwood and Privates Ed Adams, Frank Cain, Simeon Council, Simeon Baldwin, Jno. Wright, Wm. Boykin, Elijah Bares, Dave Monroe, Harrison Cromartie, Jno. Williams, David Chaney, Wm. Thompson, Frank Brewington, French Morris, Thos. McKoy, Jno. Hall, Amos Parker, Chas. Hall, Wm. West, Jas. Nash and Chas. Thomas.

New Jersey Troops Pass Through.

Three companies of the Third New Jersey regiment, mustered out at Athens, Ga., yesterday, passed through here on their way home on a special train this morning. They stopped here for breakfast and forty four registered at the LaFayette.

They were the most youthful soldiers in the service, they said and they certainly looked it, most of them being mere boys. Ninety per cent. of them smoked, too, if the forty odd that breakfasted at the LaFayette is a criterion, for this per cent. stopped at the cigar stand on their way from the dining room and purchased cigars or cigarettes, mostly the latter.

Police News.

Ed. Williams, a colored man of Little River Academy, was tried Thursday before 'Squire Overby charged with misappropriation of funds. The evidence was not sufficient and he was discharged.

The complainant was Wm. Dunn, who testified that the defendant, himself and others had chipped in ten cents apiece to buy some whisky at the dispensary this morning, that he gave the defendant a dollar, from which to take his share, and that the defendant failed to return with change or whisky.

NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c.

Horrible agony is caused by Piles, Burns and Skin Diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. King Bros.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

That Cough Hangs On

You have used all sorts of cough remedies but it does not yield; it is too deep seated. It may wear itself out in time, but it is more liable to produce la grippe, pneumonia or a serious throat affection. You need something that will give you strength and build up the body.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

will do this when everything else fails. There is no doubt about it. It nourishes, strengthens, builds up and makes the body strong and healthy, not only to throw off this hard cough, but to fortify the system against further attacks. If you are run down or emaciated you should certainly take this nourishing food medicine.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Fifty-one Years of Service on the River.

Dan'l Buxton is probably one of the oldest river pilots in the United States. He is seventy one years old today and is in active service, piloting the Hurt up this morning on her regular trip from Wilmington. For fifty-one years he has been running on the Cape Fear and has made a fine record for himself. He is, besides, one of Fayetteville's best colored citizens.

Adjournment of Court,

The Criminal Court adjourned Thursday afternoon and Judge Battle and Solicitor McLean took the afternoon train for their homes. In the case of Sarah Dark, charged with larceny, the jury disagreed and the State nol prossed the case.

As a result of the court, two go to jail and five to the penitentiary as follows:

Francis Roberts, assault with deadly weapon, jail for 6 months; Frank McLaurin, assault with deadly weapon, 3 months in jail; Jas. Ray, manslaughter, 7 years in penitentiary; Oscar Jernigan, robbery, 5 years in pen; Rory McLean, larceny, 12 months in pen and Jno. McPhail, 12 months in pen. All are colored.

Sheriff Burns and deputy sheriff Pigford carried the last named five to the penitentiary at Raleigh this morning.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

To insure a happy new year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. King Bros.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE
MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. H. MARSH, M.D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M D
DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Offices, Market Square and Green Street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

JNO. D. MacRAE, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
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E. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S

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DENTISTS,
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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

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E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.
E. J. HALE, Jr., Business Mang'r.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....FEBRUARY 16, 1899

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform." —*William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.*

THE REPUBLICAN PROGRAMME.

Our Washington letter calls attention to the remark of Senator Jones, of Arkansas, the Democratic leader, that the Democrats in Congress "do not intend to allow a large standing army to be permanently fastened upon this country," and to the suggestion of Senator Cockrell that if the President should make the defeat of the Hull army bill an excuse for an extra session of Congress, and one should be called, "it would compel the Republicans to show their hand and outline their policy, which is now concealed."

It is important that the country should know what the Republican programme is. Democratic leaders have long felt sure that imperialism is the aim of the Republican leaders. The war with Spain, as the OBSERVER pointed out at the time our people were going wild over its declaration, simply gave a fresh impetus to the real purpose.

It seems to us that no person who watches current events can be blind to to the fact that there is a growing sentiment among some classes in favor of a strong national government, and that no one who also is acquainted with history can fail to know what such a sentiment under existing circumstances portends. It means, unless checked, a change of the form of our government. As we remarked when the Paris treaty was signed, that deed signified its practical change unless the people should open their eyes to its effect.

Fortunately the powerful voice of Mr. Bryan was heard at the critical moment, arousing the people, and later the strong men of the Democracy in the Senate have made themselves felt in the same behalf. There has been a difference among them as to the best plan for defeating the Republican purpose, but no difference whatever on the main point.

Peace is the supreme interest of Republics. War is the chosen weapon of the Dynasties. *Inter armes leges silent.* There is no greater truth than that the Law holds its tongue when War is flagrant. As the law is the shield of the weak, it is the weak who suffer from war.

Practically, as we have so often pointed out, the form of our government was changed by the war between the States, because that dire event supplied the opportunity for the shifting of many of the powers of government from the States to the Federal centre, and the "checks and balances" of the Constitution, intended for the contrary purpose, have been used to prevent their re-distribution on the restoration of peace. When we were assailing Mr. Cleveland for bottling up the belligency resolutions of Congress, we held that that act could only mean war, and that another war would be our undoing. That is to say, the war which has ensued must surely prove to be so *unless* the study of our institutions which the present crisis has precipitated shall produce a reactionary change.

As we have had occasion more than once to say, we believe that there is no peaceful solution of the issue which the violent forces now at work in this country are shaping except the lawful change of our form of government to a single legislative chamber with an executive ministry chosen by and subject to it. That is practically the British form of government today.

Meanwhile, as Senator Jones and Senator Cockrell say, let us know at the earliest moment what the Republican programme is. That is, let the all-powerful people know it before it is too late.

Representative Robinson.

Of one thing the delegation which went to Raleigh this week seems to be entirely convinced, and that is that Mr Robinson had been misresresented as to his stand on the Dispensary question. Nothing could have been more pronounced and emphatic than his insistence on the fulfillment of the Democratic pledges to submit the question to a vote of the people. His stand was equally unequivocal at the hearing before the House committee, and impartial spectators say it was the same when the House vote took place. In other words, he has been true to his pledges and consistent throughout.

A recent incident, also, shows his influence in the House. He opposed the cutting down of county officers' fees, and against one of the ablest of the House leaders secured its rejection by a substantial majority.

Shock Felt Here.

We notice that earthquake shocks are being felt in various parts of the South. A friend yesterday being told of this, pointed to a memorandum he had written on the wall of his office Saturday recording the fact that at 2:30 o'clock that day he and several other gentlemen had felt a distinct shock.

Banks and Braes of the New Scotland.

Raleigh News and Observer.)

For Scotland, 86.
Against Scotland, 13.

This is the result of the vote in the House yesterday on the Scotland County Bill.

The vote was taken after a debate of two hours.

Speeches—and mighty fine ones they were too—by Mr. McLean, of Richmond, for the bill; Mr. Wall, of Richmond, against it; Mr. Patterson, of Robeson, against it, and Mr. Winston, of Bertie, for it.

Mr. McLean, of Richmond, was the first speaker, making a strong argument in favor of the passage of the bill.

"If the matter were not one of so great importance I should put up the plea that Moses did of old: 'Oh Lord thou knowest thy servant is not eloquent.'"

He asked that the bill be passed without the dotting of an i or the crossing of a t.

Speaking of the part taken by the people of the Scotland county in the last campaign he said:

"The first gun fired there in this memorable campaign was by Buncombe county's great son, the Honorable Locke Craig. The next was fired by that eloquent man from the East, the Honorable Charles B. Aycock. Aroused by these two giants our people presented themselves as living sacrifices for White Supremacy and from that day their cry was, 'Give us liberty or give us death.'"

Mr. McLean then read a statement of the county debt, extent of territory, value of property in the two counties.

Concluding he said:

We are told in the Bible that Abraham went up out of Egypt. He was very rich in cattle, silver and gold. Lot also went with Abraham. He had flocks, herds and tents. And the land was not able to bear them that they might dwell together. There was strife between the herdsmen of Abraham and the herdsmen of Lot. And Abraham said unto Lot, 'Let there be no strife I pray thee between my herdsmen and your herdsmen for we be brethren. Is not the whole land before thee? Separate thyself from me.'

"That's what I want him (Mr. Wall) to say to me.

"We leave Richmond county with no ill feeling toward her. There is no better man in this hall (referring to Mr. Wall), and I am only sorry that he cannot see this question as I do."

At the conclusion of Mr. McLean's speech Mr. Patterson, of Robeson, amended the bill so as to require that when the survey of the new county was made the line should be surveyed between Scotland and Robeson as well as between Richmond and Scotland, the commissioners of Robeson county paying half of the cost of the survey of the Robeson-Scotland line.

Against this amendment, Mr. McLean protested vigorously contending that it was done to defeat his bill.

The anti Scotland batteries were opened up by Mr. Wall, of Richmond. He replied at length to the intimation that Scotland county set on fire the campaign in that section and bore the burden and heat of the day.

While acknowledging the great work done by lower Richmond, he claimed equal credit for the upper part of the county.

"We have fought the battle together. We have won together and having redeemed the county we will keep it redeemed, come weil or woe, Scotland or no Scotland. It's no question of politics. It's a business proposition, and such I hope you'll so consider it."

Mr. Wall reviewed the result of the Scotland county election four years ago. He said the opposition to it then, and he believed it was equally as strong now.

Touching the debt of Richmond county, he said it was not one cent under $35 000.

"We get two thirds of the pauper element and a far greater portion of the 200,000 acres of barren land that will hardly support a jay bird. Scotland county takes the finest agricultural land and hardly knows what a pauper is."

The argument that the creation of a new county would lessen expenses and taxes, he said, was absolutely absurd.

"If you are going to create a new county, the proper thing to do is to take in the Robeson people who are asking to come in. Mind you, I'm not in favor of a new county, but I say if you are going to create a new county, that would be the just and proper thing—take in these Robeson peaple. But, no, they have no patience with such a proposition. If there's anything that will make a Scotlandite hot under the collar it's to talk about letting Robeson in. And why? They are afraid Maxton might happen to be the county seat. And this is the milk in the cocoanut. Laurinburg wants to be a metropolitan town. To be such a town it must be a county seat, and to be a county seat a county must be created.

"Who asks for Scotland county? It is not the people living in the country. The demand comes from Laurnburg."

The average horny-handed son of toil, if left to pursue the even tenor of his way, would never have disturbed the slumbers of this Legislature.

I knew Laurinburg when the main street was an old field, growing pine and sedge. I knew her when she was nothing but an old bedragled academy. Through her precincts I have chased the old molly hare behind an old yellow dog named McCormick for his master. In her now ambitious bonds I threw the ball and joined in play as feats of strength went round in school boy sports.

I knew Laurinburg before she had a railroad or before the dreams of ambition entered her heart.

I pardon my colleague for what he is doing to dismember his old county, but I'm sorry he's doing it. I feel like saying to him as the poet to the woodman:

"Woodman, spare that tree,
Lay not the axe to root or bough,
In youth it protected we uns,
And we uns must protect it now."

Mr. Curtis, of Buncombe, said so much had been said about Scotland county that it had become a state matter and he feared, whether this county were established or not, when he went home, if anybody asked the names of the counties of the State he'd say one of 'em was Scotland.

He had it from good authority that this matter had been before this body for the past fifty years. He thought by this time the members of this house ought to have their minds made up and they ought to be able to vote. For this reason, if he had the right to do so he would call for the previous question.

He didn't have the right to do so and Mr. Patterson, of Robeson, took the floor in favor of making a county of Richmond and upper Robeson.

After reviewing the fight for a new county from this section for the past thirteen years—the county of Hooper, the county of Jura and the county of Scotland—he said it would be a mistake to divide Richmond and make of one strong county, two weak ones.

"It's unfair, unjust and wrong, to the property owners and tax payers. If you want to do the just, the fair and honorable thing, you'd cut off a part of Richmond and a part of Robeson and thereby, you'll make a strong, a self-sustaining county.

"I hope none of you have pledged yourselves to this bill. I've known no pledge save the Democratic platform, and I hope you are in the same position."

"If they must have this county leave it to a vote of the people. If you do there'll be no $20,000 tax saddled on the people to build a court house and jail. And I'll tell you why. Either Maxton or Laurinburg must pay for these buildings. They don't want to do this—these Laurinburg people. They ought to be made to put up or shut up.

Where does this activity on this question in this House come from? It comes from paid attorneys. I must speak plainly. It comes from paid attorneys who are now sitting on the floor of this, who come around whispering into your ears and into mine, instead of coming out openly and boldly like honorable men.

Mr. Winston, of Bertie, called the previous question, and in doing so spoke briefly in favor of the new county.

The first vote was on Mr. Patterson's amendment that Robeson county should have a commissioner present when the survey of the line between Robeson and Scotland is made.

The bill as amended was passed on its second reading by a vote of 86 to 13.

It will be put on its third reading to day.

Josiah Turner.

O. W. Blacknall in Raleigh News and Observer.

I never expected to see the day in which North Carolina should need to be told who Josiah Turner was. But such is the sad fact as evidenced by a recent utterance of the News and Observer.

North Carolina owes more to Joe Turner than to any other man of the post-bellum period, Zeb Vance not excepted. He was the Patrick Henry—nay, more than the Patrick Henry—of that pregnant period, for to a pen and tongue that fired the souls of men against wrong and oppression, he added the courage of a hero. When the doors of Federal prisons yawned for our manhood; when Holden, backed by Federal bayonets, and impelled by Satanic malevolence against our truest and best, held the State in the hollow of his hand; it was Joe Turner, and for a long time Joe Turner alone, that bore the brunt and with matchless eloquence, invective, sarcasm and iron resolution and courage, beat back the foe and inspirited his despairing followers. For months, between the halter of Holden's drum-head court martial and the bullets of the mob, his life was not worth a moment's purchase. When many, afterwards held in high honor, were weak-kneed, he stood like a rock. With his old Colt's six shooter I have seen him, standing alone and unaided, put his back to a tree and defy a sea of carpet-bag scallawag scoundreldom, and their negro minions, seeking to take his life or frighten him into silence. But his courage and genius rose with the danger, and Holdenism, the greatest peril that has ever menaced the State, met its Waterloo.

The war fought and won, white supremacy established, the old warrior cast in heroic mould, lacked the tact and suppleness to walk the primrose paths of peace. He saw wrong where perhaps it did not exist and attacked those whom probably he ought not to have attacked. Men forgot his great service to the State, and left him to his bitterness.

But a more fearless, heroic soul than Joe Turner's never animated mortal clay. If his ways were not the ways of other men, so much the worse in many respects for other men.

The State owes to him a debt it owes to few. He was our prime champion in the great struggle for white supremacy. I wish that the present Legislature, created by and symbolic of this great cause, could in some marked and unique way, show its honor and respect for this man, but for whom North Carolina history could not have been the same and must have been darker. In a little while he must, in the course of nature, pass beyond the borders of time, and North Carolina will honor herself in honoring him before he goes hence.

Other News and Views of Our War with the Filipinos.

A Filipino dispatch to London, dated Manila, February 7, says:

"On Sunday a force of Americans attacked simultaneously Caloocan and Santa Mesa. Two American warships were off Malabon and Malate and a small gunboat was in the Pasig river to protect the American flank. For several days previously the Americans had been endeavoring to provoke hostilities and peace was maintained only by the rigorous order of Aguinaldo who was negotiating with General Otis for an honorable undestanding.

"The American attack was unexpected. The ships destroyed all the villages between the shore and the Pasig river within an area between Malate, Paranaque, San Pedro and Mocato. Crossing the river, the Americans advanced to San Juan del Monte, capturing the water works after a severe fight. They then proceeded to Singalon, establishing themselves on the river dam. They tore up a mile of the rails of the Caloocan Mololos line and cut up a telegraph in order to stop communication with Aguinaldo.

THE FILIPINO FORCES

engaged only numbered seven thousand, including one thousand Ygoroies. Acting upon instructions from Malolos, the Filipinos remained strictly on the defensive and finally retired in good order without any loss of arms, artillery or ammunition. Two old Krupps, of an obsolete pattern, mounted on the fortress of San Antonio, were captured. The fighting was very stubborn and lasted continually from Saturday to Tuesday.

General indignation has been occasioned by the treachery of the American surprise. The Filipinos believe that the Yankee administration is only favored by a minority of Americans, and only abstain from taking the offensive in order to show their gratitude to the American nation for helping them to get rid of Spanish ru'e. Hence they will only fight when attacked, and their future action depends upon the decision of the United States.

"Aguinaldo declares that the real enemies of peace are the American officers in the Phillippine islands.

THE STATEMENT OF LOSSES.

"The Filipino loss to date is 1,050 killed and wounded, including 600 Ygorotes, who were barbarously mowed down even when the Americans saw they were only armed with bows and arrows. They fought with heroic courage.

"The American dead include one colonel, 46 officers and 195 rank and file, over 500 wounded and 300 prisoners. General Otis proposed an exchange of prisoners, paroling the prisoners.

"The Filipino forces south of Manila are concentrating at San Mateo, Antipolo and Cainta, whence they will be siege Manila. The Americans are now fixing the limits of their sphere of occupation. It will extend all along the coast from Paranaque to Malabon, on the shore, and from Caloocan to Mainbuga and Macate.

"There is a great deal of apprehension among the Americans, who are searching all the houses, confiscating all weapons, including table cutlery, and summarily shooting in the streets all possessors of arms. These actions have resulted in sanguinary street fights at San Palo, Lomarm, Binando and Manila, caused by hatred of the American soldiery. The latter are imprisoning non combatants as prisoners of war and in revenge the Filipinos kill Americans in the streets, but are respecting other foreigners.

"Inform the American Senate and Congress of these events, and tell them the Filipinos are friends of America, but will fight against military despotism.

"Agoncillo, the Filipino delegate, will ask for European intervention in the interests of peace. In the mean time the Filipinos will fight.

"A schooner laden with ammunition has been captured, but two others have arrived safely and have discharged their cargoes. Aguinaldo is on his way here He will recapture the lost positions in a guerilla warfare and commence a general attack.

The government and Congress of Malolos are acting as usual and have passed a vote of confidence in Aguinaldo."

SENATOR MASON SAYS IT IS MURDER AND A TRAVESTY UPON OUR PROFESSIONS.

In the debate in the Senate on Saturday, on the McEnery resolution, Senator Mason, of Illinois, gave notice that he meant to continue his warfare in the interest of the resolution and that he would stay here until the snow should fly next December, if necessary, to get the resolutions adopted. It was, he said, more necessary to adopt these resolutions than to take money from the treasury, as proposed in the appropriation bills. He continued, by saying that in the Phillicpines we are now fighting our allies. The moment the jingle of gold had been heard in connection with the Paris conference and when we had descended from the high pedestal of independence the trouble began and the people commenced their revolt against the treaty. In Cuba we were still contending for liberty and there peace reigns; in the Pnillippines, the reverse is true and there hell is found. He asserted that the United States had been the aggressors in the Manila conflict by trampling upon the rights of the Philipinos. They had sought every means of securing a peaceful settlement and we had kicked them out. When Aguinaldo had asked the poor privilege of a conference our commander had refused, without knowing what he had to offer. His request had been ignored and we had gone on burning his villages and shooting his people like dogs, a la Weyler. Senator Mason gave deliberate notice of a filibuster, saying he would speak each day until the resolutions were acted upon.

Senator Mason then entered upon the contention that the United State were rapidly becoming a puppet of Great Britain and he read a poem entitled "The Lion's Whelp," which he said illustrated the relationship. This country was even growing more cruel than England, and cruel—not to our enemies alone, but to our own people. He heard it said that the Filipinos could not be conquered with the loss of only 3 000 or 4,000 lives. According to his way of thinking, one American life was worth more than those of all the natives on the islands. How many senators had sons there? or have all the senatorial appointees retired before the approach of danger? "If you would only show me where we could steal something," he exclaimed jocosely, "I might excuse the proceeding on the ground of high statesmanship; but I fail to see where we are to get any return for our outlay."

The whole matter looked to him like murder and a travesty upon our professed following of the lowly Nazarene.

Red Springs Items.

RED SPRINGS, Feb. 11, 1899.

E. K. Proctor, Jr., wrote a new charter for our town, it was ratified, and is in charge of Senator McIntyre

Dr. J. L. McMillan went to Raleigh on business this week.

W. M. Roberts will put a grist mill at his gin.

Red Springs Seminary had 197 pupils last week, others expected. There are 116 in music, Miss Maggie Rose has 20 in art. The Kindergarten is flourishing.

Our town continues to progress steadily.

Congregational meetings here and at Antioch tomorrow.

Fifty in Antioch school. M.

Increase in Taxable Values

Wilmington Star.

According to the report of State Auditor Ayer, the increase in the value of taxable property for 1898 over 1897, foots up $6,855 689 76, divided as follows: on real and personal property $2,392 920 00; telegraph property $383,619 72; steamboat property $16 120 00; railroad property $4,063 030.04. The aggregate value of property listed for taxation was $265 867 197 99, the highest figure ever reached. He estimates, judging from 81 counties reported, that the increase for this year over last will be about $2,500,000.

In view of the "hard times" this is not a bad showing for North Carolina, and is an encouraging contrast to some of the other Southern States which do a good deal more boasting, where the tax estimates show a decrease instead of an increase in values. It shows also that our people have been moving and hustling, although they have not been doing much talking. It may be incidentally remarked, too, that some of our assessments are very low, especially on land, much of which is listed at a ridiculously low figure.

About Catarrh.

It is caused by a cold or succession of colds, combined with impure blood. Its symptoms are pain in the head, discharge from the nose, ringing noises in the ears. It is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla which purifies and enriches the blood, soothes and rebuilds the tissues and relieves all the disagreeable sensations.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills. Mailed for 25c. by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it Its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Sheperd, Publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Elden, Mo, says: "No one will be disappointed in using one Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. King Bros.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Feb. 13, 1899.

Democratic Senators have not lessened their opposition to the Hull army bill, even a little bit, on account of Mr. McKinley's threats to call an extra session of the next Congress, if the bill is not passed by the Senate. They are perfectly willing that the present regular army of 62 000 men shall be continued for one year from next July, in order that we may have whatever troops may be needed while we temporarily control the Phillippines and Cuba, but they will go no further in helping Mr. McKinley push along his imperialistic programme. Senator Jones, of Arkansas, said very emphatically: "We do not intend to allow a large standing army to be permanently fastened upon this country," and Senator Cockrell said: "If the President will make the failure of the Hull bill to pass the Senate, an excuse for an extra session, he might just as well prepare his proclamation now. We do not fear an extra session. It would compel the republicans to show their hand and outline their policy, which is now concealed." Nearly all of the democratic Senators talk the same way, which makes it reasonably certain that the Army bill will not get through the Senate.

Senator Mason, who talked against the treaty, and then voted for it, may have been somewhat pricked by his conscience. At any rate, he pricked some of his colleagues quite heavily, in a speech he made concerning their violation of an implied if not an actual agreement, that the various resolutions as to the Phillippine policy of this government, should be voted upon after the treaty was disposed of. He then took the bit in his teeth and said that he intended to keep the floor until the Senate agreed to vote upon the McEnery resolution, which declares that this government intends to follow the same policy in the Phillippines as in Cuba. His threat brought the Senate to time, and it was unanimously agreed to vote on the McEnery resolution Tuesday, although Senator Hawley afterwards tried to change that action.

Representative DeArmond, of Mo., made a strong anti expansion speech, in which he said of the item appropriating $20 000 000 to pay Spain for the Philippines, which is in the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill: "If this $20,000 000 is to be appropriated now, why ought not this House to fix the bounds and limits? Do you propose to take in these Phillippine Islands as part and parcel of this government, part and parcel of the territory of the United States to endure and to continue as long as we can hold them as part and parcel of it? If you do, say so. If you do not, say not. If you do not know, then why the hot haste for such legislation? Why the extraordinary demand for a very large army? Why the imperious spirit here and in the other end of the Capitol, which rejects all suggestion of amendment, while at the same time it proclaims that you know not whether your policy is to be temporary or permanent, that you know not whether you are to acquire this territory as a permanent acquisition or for a short time, yet wants the army permanently, wants an army of 100,000 men, wants the huge expenditures that are made directly and the huger expenditures that will follow in their wake, through the extravagance and recklessness and general demoralization which certainly must attend this kind of loose legislation You want these things permanently, but what you will do with them, how long you will use them, oh, excuse you from saying anything about that!"

Represenative Lentz, of Ohio, in a short speech denounced Mr. McKinley for commuting the sentence of Gen. Eagan to suspension for six years, under full pay. He said that Eagan had called Miles a liar for simply telling the truth, truth to which 50,000 private soldiers could testify—that the troops had been fed with rotten beef. And that Mr. McKinley's action really amounted to rewarding Eagan for attacking Miles.

Secretary Alger did not recommend the order for a Military Court of Inquiry to assemble in Washington on Wednesday of this week, to investigate the embalmed beef charges made by Gen. Miles, issued by Mr. McKinley, but he had to smile and appear to like it, because Mr. McKinley had been convinced by more level headed advisers that it was the only thing left for him to do, if he hoped to escape being charged with guilty knowledge of embalmed beef sold to the government. Gen. Eagan is acting as Alger's right bower in preparing testimony to be produced before the Court of Inquiry in behalf of the beef contractors, which old fashiond folk are inclined to regard as a scandal of itself, under the circumstances.

The statement of Representative Cannon that there would be a deficit of not less than $169 000 000 at the end of the next fiscal year, if Congress didn't economize in the Appropriations, while startling was not surprising to those who have been noting the republican tendency to extravagance.

The abstract of the whitewash report of the war Investigating Committee, just given out, is not worth anybody's serious attention.

Gen. Joseph Wheeler has offered a resolution providing for the extension of the thanks of Congress to Maj Gen. E. S. Otis, for his victories over the Filipinos in the last week.

In view of the record sent to the Senate, by the Navy Department, Secretary Long should tell why Schley was was not court-martialed instead of being promoted a few numbers under Sampson.

Birds Frozen by the Thousands.

People from the country districts tell us that they find hundreds of partridges and robbins frozen to death, sometimes as many as twenty or thirty in a bunch, just as they had huddled together in an attempt to keep warm.

THE MODERN WAY

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreebly as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches, and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Made by California Fig Syrup Co.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

"They are excellent" "They certainly do well." "They come up as regular as a line of soldiers" These are some of the expressions with regard to Wood's seed. H. R. Horne, sole agent.

A Bad Accident and a Narrow Escape.

Mr. Chas. Jordan, the gunsmith, met with an accident Friday which came near being a fatality. 'Squire D. N. McLean had sent his little son, Archie, after a gun Mr. Jordan had repairing for him at his home, and when Mr. Jordan went to lift the gun from a corner of the room where it stood beside another gun, the last named weapon was exploded, tearing the third finger of Mr. Jordan's right hand to pieces and fracturing his thumb. The wounded man rushed down town to Dr McNeill's office, the little McLean following at his heels, where the finger was amputated and the other wounds dressed. An inch further and Mr. Jordan would have had his head blown to pieces.

From Saturday's Daily.

Sudden Death of Mr. Fred. Alderman.

A telegram late Friday afternoon conveyed the startling news to Col. Wm. Alderman of the death of his son, Mr. Frederic A. Alderman, at his home in Wharton, Texas, yesterday morning of the grippe.

It has not been a month since Mr. Alderman left here the picture of physical manhood. It will be remembered that he and his charming wife were here on a visit during the Christmas holidays, and during their stay Mrs. Wm. Alderman took sick and died of pneumonia. This has been just one month ago yesterday.

The deceased gentleman was born in Gray's Creek township May 8th, 1856—hence in his 43d year. He attended Little River Academy and also Davidson College, where he was a fellow-student of Mr. Duncan Rose.

He has lived in Texas about twenty years, at Wharton, Wharton county, more than three fourths of that time. He was an officer of that county, serving as deputy sheriff, sheriff, tax assessor, and for the past eight years as clerk of the county and district courts.

Seven years ago he married Miss Lou Obenchain, who survives.

Their only child died while yet an infant.

He was extremely popular, which is evidenced by the number of official positions held—to all of which he was elected withot any serious oppposition.

The deceased was buried to day at Columbus, Texas.

The Star, the Sun, and Fayetteville's Town Clock.

The Wilmington Star of a recent date contained the following:

"Please leave off your Port Almanac reports, which are generally 25 or 30 minutes in error between the rising of the sun and the going down of the same, and oblige, ——."

The above, from Fayetteville, was referred to our weather observer, who tells the Star that the sun "rises and sets," so far as Wilmington is concerned, at the time appointed therefor by Turner's Almanac and Capt. E. D. Williams' commercial calendar. Perhaps the town clock in Fayetteville—not the sun—is in fault. Years ago it was dilatory, and the Observer on one occasion printed the following:

"'It's a race, it's a race,' cried a wag as he passed,
"Old Time is still as a mouse.
"The race is between the stopped watch of the town
"And the dumb one on Hardy's brick house."

New Conference Organ.

The first issue of the "Raleigh Christian Advocate" is announced to appear next Wednesday, 15th inst. The new paper will be the organ of the North Carolina Conference, with headquarters at Raleigh. Dr. T. N. Ivey will be editor and Rev. N. M. Watson, formerly pastor in charge of Greenville Station, is business manager. Dr. Ivey has had two years experience in journalism as an editor of the N. C. Christian Advocate, and has developed strong ability as a newspaper editor.

A Double Marriage for Black River.

Friday afternoon Register of Deeds Bynum granted marriage licenses to Mr. Jas. Griffin, of Harnett county, and Miss Alma Godwin, of Black River, and to Mr. W. R. Jones and Miss Mary Godwin, of Black River. The Misses Godwin are sisters and there will be a double wedding. So far this month marriage licenses have been granted to 6 white couples and 3 colored.

More Cattle Shipped.

Another car load of cattle was shipped from here Thursday to Tennessee to be fattened for the market.

By the way, the C. F. & Y. V. are hauling almost daily from Mt. Airy butter and eggs consigned to Havana.

For La Grippe.

Thomas Whitfield & Co., 240 Wabash av., corner Jackson-st., one of Chicago's oldest and most prominent druggists, recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for la grippe, as it not only gives a prompt and complete relief, but also counteracts any tendency of la grippe to result in pneumonia. For sale by by B E. Sedberry & Sons.

America's Greatest
Medicine is
Hood's Sarsaparilla,
Which absolutely
Cures every form of
Impure blood, from
The pimple on your
Face to the great
Scrofula sore which
Drains your system.
Thousands of people
Testify that Hood's
Sarsaparilla cures
Scrofula, Salt Rheum,
Dyspepsia, Malaria,
Catarrh, Rheumatism
And That Tired
Feeling. Remember this
And get Hood's
And only Hood's.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

News of Interest.

So it seems that the criminal courts will probably be abolished after all. The committee on judicial districts Friday decided to report for two additional superior court districts in lieu of the two present criminal districts. It is said the Governor has agreed to appoint whomsoever the Democrats name.

The State Bar Association was organized in Raleigh Friday. P. D. Walker, of Charlotte, was elected president; J. Crawford Biggs, Chapel Hill, secretary and treasurer; vice presidents, W. W. Pruden, J. R. Bridgers, H. G. Connor, T. M. Argo, J. A. Lockhart, Geo Rountree, E. K. Proctor, Jr, Z. B. Walser, R. N. Hackett, E. J Justice, O. F. Mason, J. C. Martin; executive committee, F. H. Busbee, H. A London, R. B. Peebles, J. C. Manning, Clem Manly, W. R. Allen.

Abundant Charity.

The good people of Fayetteville are giving in abundance of their worldly goods to the poor, and everywhere and at every coroner one meets some good samaritan, trudging through the snow on an errand of charity. As an illustration of how readily people are giving, Manager Boyd of the Postal Cable Telegraph Company, put an alms box out side his office yesterday afternoon and this morning it contained $6 50.

Fayetteville and Wilmington by Telephone.

The Wilmington Messenger of this morning says:

Our citizens will be surprised to learn that Wilmington is soon to be connected by telephone with all the towns along the Carolina Central as far as Rockingham and along the Atlantic and Yadkin railway from Bennettsville to Fayetteville. Bennettsville is now connected with Fayetteville and the line which is to give Wilmington the connection is being built this way and is within thirteen miles of the city.

Much Suffering but Little Dire Distress.

Though there is much suffering and in a few cases a life and death struggle for existence, Fayetteville's poorer classes have not suffered as a whole, as might have been expected. This is accounted for by speedy private charity, always ready in Fayetteville to lend its less fortunate neighbor, white or black a helping hand, and by the organized efforts of the city authorities, the ministers and benevolent societies, who on yesterday alone relieved more than one hundred families, supplying them with wood and provisions.

Imperialism and Bonds versus Liberty.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

MR. EDITOR:—Recent events, occurring almost at the same hour in the United States Senate and on those Eastern Islands, thousands of miles away, where Dewey won his astonishing victory, lead one to reflect on the strange inconsistency of these United States at this particular hour of their history. In the harbor of New York stands a statue of heroic size representing "Liberty enlightening the World." It was set up there to symbolize the fact that these United States have been, and are still and will continue to be, the *home* and *cradle of Liberty*—the model for all the world! It is intended to teach the idea that all men are created free and equal; that Governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that taxation without representation is unjust and not to be endured. These, and other basic truths taught by our "Declaration of Independence," have been for over a century sounded defiantly across the seas to European Monarchs; and have been widely promulgated for the encouragement of all people, who were struggling to free themselves, as did we, from the baneful blight of Royalty. How strangely inconsistent with all this is the attitude of our Government towards the savage negroes of the Phillippines!

Think of these "liberty" loving United States engaging in a war with this people, some of whom are still fighting for their homes armed with bows and arrows! Think of the dominant party endeavoring to force down the unwilling throats of these oriental savages the blessings of our liberty, with the end of a rifled cannon ramrod! While confessedly unable to solve the "negro problem" in our own land after more than a quarter of a century's trial; after freeing four million of this lower race and investing them with suffrage and citizenship; after condemning "negro speculation" in the South in the souls and bodies of the "man and brother" (whom their ancestors stole and sold to our forefathers) the same liberty(?) bond loving dominant party is actually considering how they may deprive the Southern negroes of the suffrage accorded them; and have virtually gone into "negro speculation" themselves, paying two dollars per head for ten millions of them; and this week are killing and wounding them, four thousand at a time! Oh! consistency thou art a jewel as rare as *hidenite!*

Whence comes the inspiration for this dream of Imperialism? May it not come from the inordinate desire to pile up millions of gain, which seems to possess a great many people? Think of the tremendous addition to our bonded debt as a nation which all this is obliged to entail upon us! The present pensions are assuming gigantic proportions. Instead of growing less each year, they are constantly increasing. Then think of maintaining a tremendous standing army to uphold our expanding possessions. While the Autocrat of all the Russias is proposing disarmament and general peace, the United States are beginning to prepare for a navy that will be equal to any afloat in power of its guns and tonnage, and the President is pressing the increased army bill! Who is to pay all this bonded debt that is going to be placed upon us, or even its interest? In marking different epochs in the history of the world, it has been customary to describe them by certain distinctive features, as the "Stone" age, the "Iron" age, &c. Some one says this is the age of "Bonds." All nations seem to be wild over bonds. In the United States the bonded debt of the Nation, the States, the cities, the towns and the railroads is almost past computation. Bonds to the right and left of us, bonds behind us and bonds to overwhelm us in front of us. The sentiment of the Secretary of the United States Treasury down to all classes of people seems to be: "if only a bonded debt can be floated a wise stroke of financiering will be accomplished." All seem to forget that pay day is just ahead, when the Shylocks will demand all that is "nominated in the bond" and as much more as they can. Bonds are evidences of debt. No individual in debt is a perfectly free man. A nation burdened with debt is not really in the enjoyment of liberty. "Bond"-age has not much the sound of Liberty.

Let the people call a halt on "Imperialism" and bond issuing. If we do not we will find ourselves bound hand and foot in the chains of debt and some "man on horseback" will awake us to the fact that our freedom has fled from us, notwithstanding we have had the warning of years ago that "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

F. R ROSE.

From Monday's Daily.

Wood for the Poor.

Snow began falling in Fayetteville at half past ten o'clock Saturday morning and continued without interruption until half past twelve o'clock to-day. Last night up to bedtime there was a good deal of sleet mixed with the snow. A high wind has been blowing most of the time, which, added to the low temperature (an unusual combination in this latitude and section), has created a condition causing much suffering among the poor. This morning the ministers of the different churches met at the Mayor's office and made arrangements for the distribution at once of wood to those in need. Twenty-five cords were secured from the Holt-Williamson factory, and committees have been appointed to take this and other relief measures in charge.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR

A Pleasant Lemon Tonic

prepared from the fresh juice of Lemons combined with other vegetable liver tonics, cathartics, aromatic stimulants. Sold by druggists, 50c. and $1 00 bottles.

For biliousness and constipation.
For indigestion and foul stomach.
For sick and nervous headaches.
For palpitation and heart failure take Lemon Elixir.
For sleeplessness and nervous prostration.
For loss of appetite and debility.
For fevers, malaria, and chills take Lemon Elixir.
Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulations, take Lemon Elixir.
Lemon Elixir will not fail you in any of the above named diseases, all of which arise from a torpid or diseased liver, stomach or kidneys.
50 and $1 bottles at all druggists.
Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

At the Capitol.

I have just taken the last of two bottles of Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir for nervous headache, indigestion, with diseased liver and kidneys. The Elixir cured me I found it the greatest medicine I ever used.
J. H. MENNICH, Attorney.
1225 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Mozley's Lemon Elixir

W. A. James, Bell Station, Ala., writes: I have suffered greatly from indigestion or dyspepsia, one bottle of Lemon Elixir did me more good than all the medicine I have ever taken.

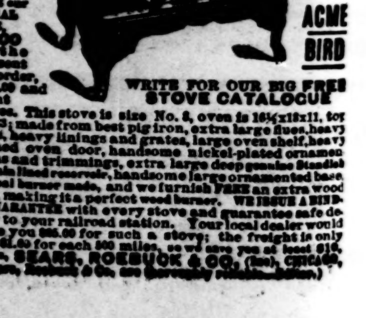
MOZLEY'S LEMON HOT DROPS.

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage, and all throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reliable

25c. at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.
daily sat and weekly

One Minute Cough Cure, cures.
That is what it was made for.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad. and we will send you this big $25 new 1899 pattern high grade RESERVOIR COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVE, by freight C.O.D., subject to examination.



WRITE FOR OUR BIG FREE STOVE CATALOGUE

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., FEB'Y 16, 1899

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the veiws or statements of correspondents —and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cyrus Murphy—Wanted
Fayetteville Drug Store---Cinco.
Bank of Fayetteville---Statement.
B E Sedberry & Son—Last Season.
Huske Hardware House -·Garden Seed Free.
Q K. Nimocks---Unpleasant but Necessary.
E. M Meyer, Manager--We are Offering at the Rocket Store.

Caught in Snow Drifts.

Mr. Ruffin Vaughn, the C. F. & Y V. freight depot watchman, started to his home in 71st (5 miles distant) Monday on horseback, got as far as the W. D. Smith place, two miles out, and had to turn back, the snow drifts making the road impassible.

Death of Mr. James W Dodd.

Mr. James W. Dodd died in this city Sunday night after an illness of several months. The deceased who was a son of the late Mr. James Dodd, was about 59 years old.

For a number of years and up to the time he was taken sick he was a private night watchman.

Death of Dr. Manning.

Mr. Weldon W. Huske received a telegram Sunday night from Chapel Hill stating that his father in-law, Dr. Jno. Manning, had died at his residence there.

Dr. Manning, who was an LL. D. of the University and Professor of Law in that great institution, was about 68 years of age, graduating from the University in the class of 1850, we believe.

He was a member of the Convention of 1861. He was the representative of the Raleigh district in Congress in 1870.

Shortly after leaving Chapel Hill he married a daughter of the late Dr. Hall of Pittsboro. He settled there and built up a large and lucrative practice at the Bar when about 1885 he was made Professor of Law at the University, a position for which his talents and attainments eminently fitted him.

The deceased gentleman was not only a man of fine ability and brilliant attainments, but possessed a lovable disposition and charming manners. We doubt if he had an enemy. He was also a notable raconteur and delightful conversationalist. He was a high-minded man and otherwise was a good type of the gentlemen of the old school.

He leaves a widow and six children—Dr. John Manning, Hon. James Manning, of Durham, late Democratic candidate for Judge, Mr. Isaac Manning, Mrs. Weldon W. Huske, Mrs. Webb and Miss Mary Manning.

God rest his soul!

The Coldest Weather on Record.

The local weather bureau reports the thermometer reached its coldest point early Tuesday morning, 5 below zero. Dr. Haigh's self-registering thermometer on Haymount registered exactly 3 below. This breaks all records known to the memory of the oldest living inhabitant. Col. Pemberton and Mr. Burns, a countyman aged 70 years, were discussing the weather this morning, and both agreed that this is the coldest weather and the heaviest snow storm within their recollection, the older gentleman declaring positively that it was the coldest snap that ever visited this section. From what we can gather we would say that this is the severest weather Fayetteville has ever had for "time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary."

Col. Alderman tells us that he has measured the snow in various open places with a square and that it is fully a foot in depth if not a wee bit more.

Monday's Encounters.

There were several fights and a great deal of drunkenness in this city Monday. Usually so quiet and orderly, it seemed that Fayetteville must celebrate her greatest snow storm in some manner, so she went on a great big spree, a carnival of eggnogs, tom and jerrys, hot scotches, whiskeys *a la* Dispensary (from the bottle) and beers ditto. There must have been one hundred or more celebations of this kind. With the exception of four or five fights this carnival was good natured, snow balls answering for the usual confetti.

THE MORE SERIOUS FIGHTS.

Sydney McQueen, who was so severely cut by Geo Holliday, is able to be at business to-day. Fred Shaw, who, it seems, started the fight, is resting in jail nursing a cut on the head received in the melee. Holliday has not yet been apprehended.

It is said that Walter Wright is the man who hit Mr. Hatch with a brick bat. He has not yet been found.

Another fight was that of Louis Hoskins and Hep Vincent, the former getting his lips badly cut and a knife thrust through his hand.

Ever since the year the government distributed so many seeds in Fayetteville—smashing the seed business into smithers—many lovers of the garden have had a good word for Wood's seed. H. R. Horne has the agency for Fayetteville.

Coughing injures and inflames sore lungs. One Minute Cough Cure loosens the cold, allays coughing and heals quickly. The best cough cure for children.
King Bros.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers,
The famous little pills.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The Snow Storm.

We are having the greatest snow storm seen in these parts since 1876. On December 31, 1876, when the Fayetteville delegation, including the F. I. L. I., started for Raleigh to attend the inauguration of Vance as Governor, the snow was as deep and the weather nearly as cold. In the winter of 1856-'7 there was skating on Mims's pond, saving a hiatus of a few days when a snowstorm covered the ice so as to interfere with the sport, for six weeks,

The real snow deposit in this storm is estimated at fully a foot. Of course, it is very much deeper in drifts.

Capt. Albert Worth says that the 1876 storm was not nearly as bad as this, and that this is the coldest spell he has known.

At 3:15 this afternoon the sun managed to struggle out and is now shining feebly, but yet enough to make a brilliant scene.

Saturday afternoon, Sunday and to day sleigh bells are heard everywhere and sleighs are now the common conveyance, whether for pleasure or convenience.

[From Yesterday's Daily.]

Local Trains Are Now Running Regularly.

All local passenger trains and some freights are now being run regularly on both the A. C. L. and Atlantic & Yadkin Railroads. No through trains from Washington have passed through here since Sunday except passenger train No. 35. which left Washington Sunday and only arrived here at 5:30 this morning.

All local trains on the Coast Line are running to-day, but no mail north of Richmond need be expected.

On the Atlantic & Yadkin the train from Bennettsville arrived on time this morning, having made three trips to this city since yesterday afternoon. The train from Wilmington arrived late this afternoon, and the train from Greensboro will also be in to-day, but late.

The train started to Wilmington yesterday afternoon, passengers had bought their tickets and taken their seats, but the run had to be annulled on account of Engine No. 20 blocking the way, having jumped the track in front of the Holt-Williamson Mill. She was righted last night after much labor.

Marriage To-night.

The Register of Deeds yesterday granted marriage license to Mr. H. B. Crumpler and Miss M. M. Ballock both of Flea Hill. They were married last night at the home of the bride.

Eleven marriage licenses have been granted so far this month, seven to white and four to colored.

The Orange Crop Ruined.

Mr. Ran McMillan received a letter yesterday from his nephew, Mr. Arch McMillan, from Ocala, Fla., where he is snow bound. He says that the day he writes (Monday) was the coldest in the history of Florida, the mercury at 8 a. m. standing 8 above zero. He says the orange crop is a back number as from all accounts it is wiped out. He says one man near there had 60 acres in tomatoes, ready to pick, but the freeze Sunday night picked them for him.

The Blizzard in New York.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Feb. 13.—The blizzard is increasing in violence, with a stiff north wind. Snow is falling heavily, fell all night, and is now about eight inches. Mails are away behind, trains are delayed, and there is scarcely any trucking on the streets. Trolley and cable lines somewhat delayed, but proceeding fairly. The thermometer is 11 above.

The Blizzard Generally.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Pottsville, Pa, Feb'y 13.—The coal region is buried in several feet of snow.

Philadelphia, Feb'y 13—All railroad traffic is impeded and at a standstill. At Delaware breakwater vessels are delayed five days.

Lancaster, Feb'y 13.—The city is almost isolated. There have been no trains on the Pennsylvania R. R. west since 2 o'clock this morning. The newspaper train east is three and a half hours late and double headed. The Philadelphia-Reading is derailed in a snow drift at Dillerville and the road is entirely tied up. One section of the Pennsylvania's west fast express is fast in the tunnel cut near Elizabethtown and the other near Columbia.

New York, Feb. 13.

The Long Island Railroad managed to get one train in here several hours late. They used five engines and three snow plows. The wind is fifty miles an hour at Sandyhook. The forecaster predicts a gale later and heavy snow followed by clearing tonight.

Coldest Weather on Record.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Washington, Feb. 13.—There is extreme weather in the Gulf States. The zero lines extend to central Louisiana, southern Mississippi, southern Alabama and central Georgia. At New Orleans it is six above, nine degrees lower than previous records; at Vicksburg, Miss., 1 below; 4 below at Montgomery; 6 below at Atlanta, and 8 above at Savannah; at Indianapolis 16 below; Memphis 6 below; Knoxville and Cincinnati 10 below; Boston 14 below; Little Rock 2 below, Chicago 2 above; St. Paul 12 below; Rapid City 20 above. For the past twenty-four hours 8½ inches of snow has fell in New York and 8 inches in Norfolk, Va. At Troy, N. Y, it is 2 above; Newburgh zero; Amsterdam 12 above, Scenectady and Watertown zero.

Arctic Weather In Every Southern State.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Boston, Feb'y 14th.—Railroads are badly blocked and Coal prices have advanced half a dollar.

Atlanta, Feb'y 14th.—There is artic weather in every Stat in the south and snow is univeral. It is estimated that the cotton crop is cut down 20 per cent. All southern bound trains from Washington south have been discontinued.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Iloilo Has Fallen.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Feb'y 14.—A cablegram from Otis last night to Adjutant General Miller reports that the city of Iloilo was taken on the 11th and is held by our troops. The insurgents were given until the evening of the 11th to surrender, but their hostile action brought on an engagement during the morning. The insurgents fired the native portion of the town, but there was little loss of property by the foreign inhabitants and few casualties to the U. S. Troops. The American, British and German Consulates were slightly damaged by fire. In disembarking the American troops encountered a slight resistance from the gunboat Somor, but were practically unimpeded in their advance.

Driving the Enemy Back.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, Feb. 15.—Several rebels yesterday afternoon fired on the American lines from houses flying white flags. Colonel Smith and three companies of the Californians proceeded to clean out the enemy along the front. The rebels opposed from the bush and several skirmishes took place. Nine Californians were slightly wounded. The work proceeded today in a systematic manner, the gunboats shelling the villages, working the rapid fire guns very effectually. The California regiment, except two companies, four companies of the Washington and two of the Idaho battery and the sixth artillery engaged the rebels who were driven towards Lake Lagura. The rebels held their fire, as they were short of ammunition, but fought desperately. The American outposts in this direction are now twelve miles out.

More Troops for Manila.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Chicago, Feb. 15—Under instructions of the Secretary of War, General Sheridan has ordered the last battalion of the 15th Infantry to proceed to Manila via the Suez Canal. The troops will leave Columbus barracks at once and sail from New York on Friday.

We haven't as many Wood's Seeds as seemed to be given away that season, but we have a large, full and fresh supply at Horne's Pharmacy.

Paul Perry, of Columbus, Ga, suffered agony for thirty years, and then cured his Piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases like magic. King Bros.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON

Middling	6¼
Good Middling	6-40
Market—firm.	

NAVAL STORES

Spirits	41c
Common Rosin	70
Virgin	1 70
Yellow Dip	1 70
Hard	1 20

PRODUCE

REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2.50@$2.75
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.10 @ 2.35
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—old	9
" —ham—old	10½a12½
" —sides—old	9
" —shoulders—old	8½
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	40@45
Peas—clay	60
" —mixed	65
" —white,	60a65
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	50@55
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	50
Onions—select—per bushel	100
Lard—N. C.	7@7½
Tallow	2½@4
Ducks	18@20
Hens—per head	20@25
Roosters—per head	17½a 20
Turkeys—per lb	7½ a 8
Guineas	16@17½
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	16 a 20
Honey—strained—per lb	10 a 11
Eggs,	14
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish	90@120
Potatoes—Sweet	35 a 45
Pork	4½@5

We are offering at the

RACKET STORE

all classes of goods at reduced prices. Stationery at prices that can't be beat. Embroideries and Laces at prices that no one can compete with.

☞Call and look over our stock, pick out what you want and the prices shan't back you.
E. M. MEYER, Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE STEAM LAUNDRY.

We are at the same place turning out work that looks like new. We want everybody to give us a trial, and, if not satisfactory, it will cost you nothing. We give special attention to Shirts, Collars and Cuffs. If the neck-bands are worn we will reband them for you.

WANTED.

An agent in every town, school and village. Good commission guaranteed. Also smart boy to collect and deliver bundles.

Ledbetter Bros.

THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure, then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE,

At Fayetteville, N. C., in the County of Cumberland, at the close of business on the 4th day of February, 1899.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts,	$237,172 01
Overdrafts,	1,165 00
U. S. Bonds on hand (par value),	10,000 00
All other Stocks Bonds and Mortgages,	15,344 66
Premium on Bonds,	1,587 50
Banking House,	6,000 00
Furniture and fixtures,	3,050 00
All other real estate owned,	13,793 47
Due from Banks,	92,786 42
Cash items,	1 077 49
Gold Coin,	10,230 00
Silver Coin,	9,034 79
Nat. Bank Notes and U. S Notes,	18,065 00
Total,	$419,506 34

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in,	$ 200,000 00
Undivided profits—less expenses,	6,985 11
Deposits subject to check,	209, 58 29
Due to Banks,	1,966 26
Cashier's Checks outstanding,	796 68
Total	$419,506 34

I, J. C. Haigh, Cashier of the Bank of Fayetteville, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. C. HAIGH, Cashier.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND. }

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of February, 1899.

H. J. MARSH, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
H. W LILLY
J. R WILLIAMS, } Directors.
W. S COOK

Garden Seed Free!

We believe in advertising and we wish our labors to "bear fruit" We want the fact to become "well rooted" in the mind of the public that we are the people from whom to buy anything in the

HARDWARE

line We propose to give you, free of cost, something that will "vegetate" and keep our memory "green" with you. We have therefore made arrangements to give away with each Garden or Farming Tool bought from us during the month of February, March and April a

Five Cent package of T. W. Wood & Son's Famous Garden Seeds.

So if you want Hoes, Rakes, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Plows, Mattocks, Wheelbarrows (or even a ten cent garden Trowel) you can get a package of these seed with each tool or implement bought from us at retail.

We are a "growing house" you buy the "tool," we furnish the seed; if it's a plow —a "little push," if a hoe or spade—a little "energy," and your harvest will be abundant. Thus it is with those who trade with us. Call or address your orders

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

We have our upstairs and 2 warehouses literally packed with Sash, Blinds and Doors. We assure you we have a great many bargains in the lot it will pay you to call and see.

Buck's Splendid Stoves

We have added to our line of Buck's Stoves a cheaper grade, made by Buck, and we know they cannot be beat at the price.

OUR LIME is undoubtedly the best. Four barrels will do more than five of many brands sold about here. Our barrels weigh 230 lbs. We are frequently offered barrels of lime weighing from 150 to 200 lbs., but we don't sell short weight goods.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
Feb 9 th,m,m m,m.

Visit "The Hay St. Grocer,"

BUY YOUR XMAS CANDIES, NUTS, &c.,

Make the Little Ones Happy

an dget ready for the New Year.

Yuo have my best wishes for future success and happiness.

Yours, &c., to command,
A S. HUSKE.

LAST SEASON

our advertisement read:
"Buy your Wheel from a Bycicle Dealer who is in a position to take care of his trade after the wheels are sold"
Since then most of our competition has disappeared. We are still in the swim and ready to show the new models of

Crescent Bicycles.

The CRESCENT CHAINLESS, $60 is making friends for itself every day, while MODEL 15 at $35.00 is the correct up-to-date chain Bycicle. CRESCENTS will again lead in '99. They are on exhibition at our Drug Store.

B. E. SEDBERRY & SONS.

☞Largest assortment of Bicycle Goods in the city.

Cinco
5c. Cigar
FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE.

General County Fund.

DR. JOHN R. SMITH, County Treasurer, in acc't with Cumberland Co. CR
For the General County Fund from Feb'y 13, 1897.

DR.		CR.	
To amount received from Shff. McD. Geddie,	$41,918 05	By paid for poor—outside,	$1,798 64
" amounts received from Register McCaskill, marriage licenses,	311 60	" do poor house,	1,714 03
" costs and fines received,	61 53	" paid cost of courts,	5 563 47
" hire of prisoners "	28 50	" paid insolvents,	2,276 32
" rec'd for feeding U. S. prisoners,	555 65	" paid cost of elections,	1,035 72
" rec'd for sewer privileges,	40 00	" paid for bridges,	1,584 73
" rec'd for sale of old lumber,	1 10	" do roads,	119 38
" rec'd for land sale taxes of W. H. Pope,	119 43	" do levying taxes,	1,246 15
" refunded by Manly & Co.,	103 95	" refunded double tax to Cumberland mills,	221 00
" rebate of freight,	2 23	" pd expenses and services of refunding committee,	432 34
" rec'd of J. B. Troy, bal. due on jail fund,	50 12	" paid auditing committees,	334 00
" am't transferred from the new court house fund by order of county commissioners,	1,024 00	" paid asylum,	454 90
		" paid printing,	280 70
		" paid stationery,	60 01
		" paid county commissioners—services,	2,022 05
		" paid county attorneys,	599 50
		" paid old judgments,	1,754 18
		" notes at bank, $1,200 00	
		" renewals do 1,265.60	2,465 60
		" pd inter't on notes at bank paid 54.60	
		" do do rew'l, 434.40	489 00
		" pd in't to J. C. Stedman for 1 year on $1,000 note,	60 00
		" pd in't coupons on new bonds payable in N. Y.,	6,555 65
		" pd exchanges and charges on same,	16 67
		" pd cost of inquests,	79 25
		" pd in't coupons on old b'ds,	2,845 50
		" pd for court house—including fixtures and furniture,	1,185 01
		" pd for jail,	5,196 06
		" pd for jail coupons,	528 00
		" pd for sewerage and lit'g'n	1,038 78
		" pd county physician,	823 00
		" pd expenses for insane,	60 85
		" pd new court house,	3 00
		" pd Fayetteville Independent Lt. Infantry Co.,	50 00
		" pd Clarendon bridge—C. W. Wright,	5 00
		" pd rewards—arrest $25, wild cat $5,	30 00
		" pd damages to M. Bill,	10 00
		" pd conveying prisoners to penitentiary,	57 25
		" pd expenses U. S. pris'ers,	140 50
			$43,136 24
		" 1½ commission on $43,142 04 receipts,	539 28
		" do do do 43,136 24 disbursements,	539 20
		1898. Dec. By balance,	1 44
	$44,216 16		$44,216 16
1898. Dec'r 5. To balance due,	$1 44		

School Fund.

DR. JOHN R. SMITH, County Treasurer, in acc't with Cumberland Co. CR

DR.		CR.	
1897. Feb'y 13—To am't received of John B. Troy, retiring Treasurer,	$1,047 36	By amt's paid white teachers	$10,930 90
To amounts received from Sheriff McD. Geddie,	19,832 25	" " " colored "	8,250 20
" fines and costs rec'd of Clerk,	69 26	" " " sundries for white schools,	851 24
" incorporation tax rec'd,	190 00	" " " sundries for colored schools,	766 52
" rec'd of State Sup't of Schools,	833 94	" " " expenses of the school board,	$348 76
" rec'd of Cumberland Co. Dispensary,	3,000 00		$21,127 62
" rec'd of the School Examiner,	263 00	" 2 per cent. commission on disbursements,	422 55
" rec'd for sale of School House. &c.,	3 15	1898. Dec.—Balance due,	3,700 04
" am't overdrawn by a teacher—refunded,	11 25		
	$25,250 21		$25,250 21
1898. Dec. 5—To balance due	$3,700 04		

Clarendon Bridge Fund.

DR. JOHN R. SMITH, County Treasurer, in acc't with Cumberland Co. CR.

DR.		CR.	
1897. Feb'y 13—To am't rec'd from John B. Troy, retiring treasurer,	$1,031 50	By paid repairs,	$ 444 97
To amt's received from Sheriff McD. Geddie,	5,850 65	" " fire insurance,	275 00
		" " interest coupons,	2,296 00
		" " bonds,	708 56
			3,724 53
		" 1½ per cent commission on receipts of $5,850.65,	73 14
		" 1½ per cent. commission on disbursements of $3,724.53	46 56
		1898. Dec.—Balance due,	3,037 92
	$6,882 15		$6,882 15
1898 Dec. 5—To balance due,	$3,037 92		

New Court House.

DR. JOHN R. SMITH, County Treasurer, in acc't with Cumberland Co. CR.

DR.		CR.	
1897. March 20—To am't received of John B. Troy the retiring Treasurer,	$ 991 92	By paid coupons,	$2,121 00
To received of McD. Geddie, Sherifl, W. & W. R. R. taxes,	$6,842 60	" do fire insurance,	180 00
		1898—By amount transferred to the general county fund by order of the Co. Commissioners,	1,024 00
		By 1½ per cent. commission receipts of $6,842.60,	85 54
		By 1½ per cent. commission on disbursements of $2,301 00,	28 76
		Dec.—By balance due,	$4,395 22
	$7,834 52		$7,834 52
1898. Dec. 5.—To balance due,	$4,395 22		

Each of the above accounts audited and approved by

H. R. HORNE,
W. N. TILLINGHAST,
E. H. EVANS,
Committee.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR

$31.75 IS OUR SPECIAL 90 DAYS PRICE,

THE ACME QUEEN

GUARANTEED 25 YEARS.

OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Wayman Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

WANTED.

A second hand Bed Mill Rock, 42 inches in diameter, runs with the sun.

CYRUS MURPHY,
Fayetteville Post Office.

February 9-4itw4t

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the General Assembly to incorporate the Bank of Cumberland, Fayetteville, N. C.

February 4-1aw4t

M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,

At the Holt Store.

We lead, others follow, lead because we buy and sell more goods than any other Dry Goods House in Fayetteville or Cumberland county, and do it with less expense than any other house; lead, because we buy for cash and sell for cash; because we handle the very best goods; because we mark all goods in plain figures and only have one price, and you can't duplicate that price elsewhere. Below we give you some prices that will prove our assertions:

A-A Sheetings, 1 yard wide, at 3¾c. per yard, A-A-A, heavier, yard-wide Sheeting at 4½ cents per yard, the very best yard wide Sea Island at 4½ cents a yard, good heavy Drilling 5 cents a yard, Checked Homespun at 3½ cents, the very heaviest Checked Homespun at 4¾ cents, heavy Cheviot Plaids or Stripes for men's shirts, boys' waists, &c., at 5 and 7½ cents, 8 cent Plaid Dress Goods, beautiful patterns at 5 cents per yard, 15 cent Plaid Dress Goods, as handsome styles as you ever saw, at 10 cents, good Outing at 4½, 7 and 9 cents a yard. Special prices on men's pants goods to close out and make room for Spring stuff. Very good quality Jeans at 10 cents a yard, school-boy Jeans at 12½ cents, splendid quality of Jeans, about 50 per cent. wool-filled, heavy and tough, at 16⅔, regular 25 cents goods at 19 cents, 35 cent goods, all-wool filled at 22½ and 25 cents, Bed Ticking at 5, 7½, 8½, and the very best made at 11¾ cents per yard.

DRES GOODS.

All-wool Serge, 36 inches wide, all colors, at 25 cents a yard, all-wool Henriettas at 39, 55, 69 and 75 cents a yard, heavy Storm Serges in navy blue and black, 44 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard, all-wool Ladies' Cloth in black, brown and green-mixed, 50 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard, all-wool flannel Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, at 23 cents, all-wool-filled Cashmeres, 40 inches wide, at 25 cents per yard, double-width Brocade Cashmeres, all colors, at 13 cents a yard, 40-inch Pompadour Suiting in black and colors at 25 cents a yard, Black Satteen at 7½, 8½ and 10 cents, yard-wide Percals, as good assortment of patterns as you ever saw, at 5¾, 6¾, 8½ and 10 cents a yard, light or dark styles, plain white india linen at 5 cents a yard and up, Checked Nainsooks and Dimities at 5 cents and up, Embroideries and Laces at 1 cent and up, heavy Piques, Welts, Corduroy, Stripes, &c., at all prices, all-wool Red Flannel at 12½, 20 and 25 cents per yard, white flannel at 15 to 50 cents. If you want to save money on your dry goods' purchases don't buy till you see our line.

SHOES.

It is considered by every man, woman and child who have bought Shoes at this store that we give more style and comfort and service for less money than they have ever been able to get elsewhere. To those who have never bought shoes from us, we only ask a trial, and if you don't get more for your money than you have been getting we will pay you your money back. Ladies Shoes at 69 cents to $2.50 per pair, men's shoes at $1.00 to $3.50 per pair, children's shoes at 20 cents to $2.00 per pair.

A splendid line of Hats and Caps, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Underwear for men, ladies and children. Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., at unapproachable prices.

Glass butter dish with cover, sugar bowl with cover, cream pitcher, largest size block tin wash basins, half gallon tins, half gallon covered buckets, all size lamp and lantern chimneys, good curry combs, 1,000 good matches, any size milk and pudding pans and hundreds of other bargains on FIVE CENT COUNTER.

Any size heavy sheet-iron bread pans, round bread pans, 14 quart block tin dish pans, 10-quart milk buckets, 4 and 6-quart covered tin buckets, any size agate jelly cake pans, revolving sifters, heavy graters, 75 feet heavy galvanized clothes wire, heavy rubber combs, good horse brushes, curry combs, back bands with buckles, 1 lb. carpenters' hammers, any size japanned waiters, assortments of glassware that would be cheap at 15 and 20 cents a piece, all on TEN CENT COUNTER,

4 qt. covered agate sauce pans, half gallon agate tea or coffee pots, splendid assortment of glass lamps complete, 10 and 14-quart strainer, milk buckets, full size, solid steel spiders, splendid blacking brushes, 40 cent brooms, and scores of other articles on TWENTY-FIVE CENT COUNTER.

These are a few of the articles carried on our 5, 10 and 25 cent counters. There are hundreds of other useful articles and every one is a leader at the price.

Don't fail to see our Crockery, Glassware, Tinware and Agate-ware Department in rear of this store.

Plenty of Plant Bed Canvass for Tobacco Farmers.

M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,
50 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

COTTON SEED MEAL FOR SALE.

We are now offering prime new meal to farmers of this and adjoining counties **FOR CASH OR ON TIME.**

Send for prices and terms.

Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil and Fertilizer Company.

January 19 4t

J. R. WILLIAMS, Manager.

UNPLEASANT BUT NECESSARY.

It may be unpleasant to have us constantly "ding dong" you about PERFECTION Flour, but it's necessary to your comfort and happiness Nine out of every ten who use PERFECTION pronounce it the *best* and *cheapest* flour sold in Fayetteville.

Other good grades for less money.

We carry a full line of Fresh Goods,

Staple Groceries and General Merchandise,

and prices are right. "EARLY ROSE" and "PEERLESS" Seed Potatoes. White Spring SEED OATS. Best brands

FERTILIZERS,

Acid Phosphate and Kainit.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

Pemberton's Book and Music House,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms.*
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Lumber and Building Material

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS

Farming Implements

OF ALL KINDS,

Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &

SIX FT. WIRE NETTING.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL

Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.

Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.

☞ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.

Yours Respectfully,

WALTER WATSON.

Save Your Money.
One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.
No Reckless Assertion
For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse
TUTT'S Liver PILLS

The Dispensary Fresh.

The Cape Fear, after reaching about 54 feet during Wednesday night, four feet behind the record, is now gradually falling.

The Atlantic and Yadkin trestle across Lock's Creek, just beyond the big iron bridge, owing to a washout in the embankment, was condemned Thursday and a special train went down from here to meet the train from Wilmington and a speedy transfer of passengers and baggage was made.

The water in Cross Creek was backed up to Eccles' bridge this morning.

Funeral of Mr. Hybart.

The funeral of the late Mr. Wm. Hybart took place at noon Friday from St. Thomas' Church, Rev. Isaac W. Hughes officiating. The following were the pall bearers: J. M. Pearce, J. B. Huske, B. R. Huske, W. A. Huske, W. F. Leak and N. H. McGeachy.

A detail in uniform from the Independent Company attended the funeral, the deceased at one time being a member of the company.

Criminal Court Notes

The grand jury returned a true bill against J. C. Currie and others for failure to hold an election in Quewhiffle, but the case was continued.

The case against Josiah Cook and others, Flea Hill fence commissioners, for failure to keep up fence, was nol prossed.

The cases disposed of Wednesday afternoon were:

Ed. Smith, assault, not guilty; Chas. Breece, a. and b., guilty. Francis Roberts, a. d. w., guilty, imprisoned in county jail for 6 months with leave to hire out.

The following cases were disposed of Thursday:

Sarah Dark, larceny, guilty, not yet sentenced; Wm. Hatcher, (white) embezzlement, not guilty; state appealed to Superior Court on matter of law. Defendant put under $100 bond.

The Observer's Forecast Was Right.

The new officers of the Atlantic and Yadkin railroad are exactly as forecasted in the OBSERVER on Monday. They were elected in Baltimore Wednesday.

The change in the management of the road will take place at midnight next Tuesday, February 14th, it may be some weeks, however, before the actual transfer takes place.

As the transfer is now about to take place, the OBSERVER desires to express its belief that no company has ever been more loyally and efficiently served than the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway has been by the body of Department Heads who now go out. These are Messrs. J. W. Fry, General Manager; H. L. Fry, Chief Engineer; W. E. Kyle, General Freight and Passenger Agent; R. W. Bidgood, Auditor; G. E. Ijams, Treasurer; R. W. Fischer, Assistant Treasurer; G. W. Lake, Agent at Fayetteville; T. B. Gwatkins, Storekeeper; Isaac W. Clark, Master Mechanic; R. H. Ledbetter, Master of Carpenter Department.

All these Department Heads have assistants, who constitute an admirable body of young men, sober, industrious and competent.

This morning's Wilmington Star contains the following special from Baltimore:

Directors of the Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad Company met at 2:30 P. M. today in the office of the Safe Deposit and Trust Company. Present: Mr. Warren G. Elliott, Wilmington; Messrs. B. F. Newcomer and Michael Jenkins, Baltimore, and their clerks. Mr. Walters is away from the city.

The following general officers were elected: J. R. Kenley, General Manager; T. M. Emerson, Traffic Manager; J. F. Divene, General Superintendent; W. A. Riach, General Auditor; J. F. Post, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer.

The general officers were authorized and directed to take possession of the property at midnight on the night of February 14th. Other business transacted was of the ordinary routine nature.

Details of the transfer will be arranged by Mr. Elliott, president of the new company, and General Gill, receiver of the C. F. & Y. V.

Nothing learned as to issue of new securities.

Another Court of Inquiry.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Feb. 9.—Major General Wade, Brig General Davis, Col. Gillespie and Lieutenant Davis have been appointed a court of inquiry for the Miles embalmed beef charges. It will meet on the fifteenth.

Big Fire at Saratoga.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Saratoga, February 9.—The Delaware and Hudson Railway station, Sweeney's Hotel, the Saratoga Baggage Co.'s annex and the Schæffer cafe were burned to-day. Dwyer's Saloon, the Sheridan House and Rourke's Bowling Alley were damaged. Watchman Snyder was burned to death.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waitte of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one 50 cent bottle and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* — The Kind You Have Always Bought

Filipinos Massing for Another Battle.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, Feb. 10th, 10 o'clock.—This morning the rebels at this hour have selected Matasun as a base of operations for the next encounter. A considerable force is concentrating there. Many small bodies are straggling in from the interior. Aguinaldo is reported to have established headquarters at Malabon, and will rally his forces for a decisive blow. In order to cover the movements of the rebels he again opened fire on the American outposts of the Kansas regiment from a jungle which was kept up twenty minutes without effect. The Americans reserved their fire until a detachment of the enemy emerged from the bamboos, when a volley made the rebels scuttle to cover.

Manila, Feb. 10th, 3:40 p. m.—In anticipation of an uprising in this city the unusual preparations proved unnecessary. No vessels have cleared from Manila for Phillippine ports since Saturday, and no news has reached outside points. Even the guard of the Pennsylvania regiment at the convalescent hospital Corregidor Island knew nothing of the hostilities until the supply boat notified them yesterday.

Another Battle—A Hand to Hand Combat with 20,000 Filipinos.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, Feb. 10, 7:30 p. m—Our forces attacked Caloocan this afternoon. The action was short and decisive. The Filipinos were driven out of their entrenchments, our soldiers charging them fiercely over all obstacles, engaging the foe in a hand to hand combat. The rebels fled in all directions and were mowed down by our fire. It is estimated that fully twenty thousand were intrenched. Our losses were comparatively small. The rebel loss was very heavy.

The fighting lasted three hours. General Otis in command, assisted by the gunboat Concord, the Monitor Monadnock and the line artillery. The Insurgents were massing at Malabon and Caloocan until the battle began. It is reported that six thousand were there. In response to Dewey's threat to bombard San Roque the rebels hoisted a white flag; the fifty-first Iowa entering shortly after found the village evacuated and burning.

[The apparently wrong date is accounted for by the difference in time. —OBS]

Otis Cables Particulars and Casualties.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Feb'y 11.—The War Department today received a cablegram from General Otis giving particulars of the battle of Caloocan, and the casualties to the United States troops. The defeat of the Insurgents was complete and they will not be able to make any further show of resistance at that point.

Malabon Bombarded.

By cable to the Observer.

Manily, Feb'y 11.—4:50 p. m.—Manodock and the cruiser Charleston shelled the town of Malabon all this forenoon. A desultory firing is continuing between our troops and the Insurgents on our left. Private McKlure, of the 1st Idaho, was killed and six others wounded, including Capt. Hamer, of the 1st Idaho, and Lieut. Jordan Hair, of the 1st Montana, this morning.

The Battle of Malabon This Morning To Cut Off Aguinaldo's Retreat.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Feb'y 11.—The latest dispatch to the Adjutant General today from General Otis expresses the opinion that the Insurgents are so thoroughly whipped that Aguinaldo will not be able to rally his forces again. While no official advices have yet been received of the battle of Malabon this morning, the officials admit that every effort is now being made to capture Aguinaldo. They think from the location of Malapon, that the manœuvre was made in an attempt to cut off his retreat north. They believe that Aguinaldo has practically surrendered.

The Great Fight Yesterday—Graphic Details.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, Feb. 11.—The following additional particulars of the capture of Caloocan have been obtained: The Insurgents had been concentrating their forces for days at Caloocan, and Gen. Otis determined to attack. He instructed the commanders accordingly, and requested the assistance of the naval forces under command of Admiral Dewey. Major General McArthur reported all ready, and at 3 o'clock received this message: "The Commanding General orders you to go ahead with the programme.

(Signed.) BARRY."

The troops which attacked Caloocan yesterday were the left wing of Mc Arthur's Division, supported by the troops of Anderson's Division. The American loss was three killed and thirty-two wounded.

The Kansas and Montana boys made magnificent charges across a wooded ravine and suffered most. Nothing could surpass their fearless advance across the open field in the face of the enemy's strongest entrenchments. Dyer's Sixth Artillery and Young's Utah Light Artillery poured shrapnell into the enemy's lines at a range of 2,200 yards with great accuracy, almost every shot telling. They ceased firing only when the infantry approached close to the town. Gen. Otis established his headquarters at Caloocan immediately after its capture. Last night our lines extended west and east beyond town. Entrenchments were thrown up and outposts picketed to meet every possible attack by the enemy who had retired towards Matabon. Yesterday's fighting was witnessed from McArthur's headquarters at Binando, on Cemetery Hill, by Captain Hall of the British warship Narcissus, British Consul Ramsden and other foreigners, who united in bestowing the highest encomiums for courage on our troops and the splendid generalship. John F. Bass Harper's Weekly artist, was wounded in the arm yesterday.

English Account of Battle—Filipinos to Protest to Christendom.

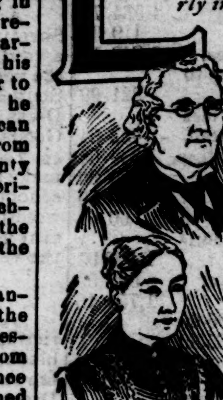
By cable to the Observer.)

London, February 11.—Regular cablegrams from Manila, describing the capture of Caloocan, dwell on the excellence of the American plans and the precision with which they were carried out; says that at 4 p. m. the American ships ceased firing and then the army fired three guns at intervals of ten seconds, thus signalling for the advance of the whole line, the Kansans leading. Maj. Bell and one hundred men diverted the insurgent left wing. All was conducted like clock work. There was no hitch anywhere. The rebels, estimated at ten thousand, were demoralized by the shells of the artillery. The Americans advanced in open order at five hundred yards, halted and then charged the rebels, who stampeded to their trenches, which were admirably constructed. The Americans did not waste ammunition, but rushed on without firing and used their bayonets and the butts of their rifles, doing heavy slaughter.

Despatches received by the Filipinos' Junta at Hong Kong from Filipino agents at Manila say that the Americans placed their vessels along the shores of the bay and commenced hostilities.

It is expected that at midnight Saturday there will be a simultaneous bombardment of the defenceless towns of Fonde, Malok and Malabon. The agents say: "The slaughter of women and children yesterday was frightful, the Americans burning and devastating all before them, conducting a war of extermination and shooting every Filipino in sight." They declare their intention of appealing to christendom and say their indignation against Americans is intense.

EASYGOING PEOPLE



Those who disregard early indications of disease.

The progress of catarrh is frequently gradual. Chronic catarrh secures possession without the knowledge of its victim.

It has become so common to say, "Everybody has a little catarrh" that many easy going people pay slight attention to it. Yet no class of disease is so difficult to shake off.

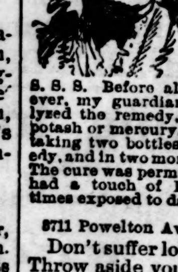
Many people well advanced in years find themselves in the toils of catarrh. Mr. and Mrs. Collum, of Giddings, Tex., found help in Pe-ru-na. Mr. Collum's letter follows:

Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

DEAR SIRS:—"I think your Pe-ru-na is the best medicine I ever tried for catarrh. I have tried all the catarrh medicines that I could hear of and none of them did any good until I tried yours. I and my wife have both used the Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin, and we are about well. I am 70 years old and my wife is 66. When we commenced to take your medicines we were not able to see after our work, but now she can tend to her work and I see after my farm. You can use this publicly if you want to."—A. P. Collum, Giddings, Tex.

Oh, the Pain of Rheumatism!

Rheumatism often causes the most intense suffering. Many have for years vainly sought relief from this disabling disease, and are to-day worse off than ever. Rheumatism is a blood disease, and Swift's Specific is the only cure, because it is the only remedy which can reach such deep-seated diseases.



A few years ago I was taken with inflammatory Rheumatism, which became so intense that I was for weeks unable to walk. I tried several prominent physicians and took their treatment faithfully, but was unable to get the slightest relief. In fact, my condition seemed to grow worse, the disease spread over my entire body, and from November to March I suffered agony. I tried many patent medicines, but none relieved me. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S. S. S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my guardian, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free of potash or mercury. I felt so much better after taking two bottles, that I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.

ELEANOR M. TIPPELL,
3711 Powelton Avenue, Philadelphia.

Don't suffer longer with Rheumatism. Throw aside your oils and liniments, as they can not reach your trouble. Don't experiment with doctors—their potash and mercury will add to your disability and completely destroy your digestion.

S.S.S. For The Blood

will cure perfectly and permanently. It is guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains no potash, mercury, or other mineral. Books mailed free by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Report of Grand Jury, Feb'y Term, 1899.

To His Honor Dossey Battle, Judge Presiding of the Circuit Criminal Court, Feb'y Term, 1899.

The Grand Jury of February Term would respectfully report:

We have passed upon 27 bills of indictments and have found 20 true bills and 7 not true bills, and continued 3 for want of witnesses, and made 4 presentments. We have examined the jail and find it kept in good order, and we find 15 persons in jail at this time and we find them properly cared for; they all expressed themselves well looked after and fed well. Our committee visited the Home for the Aged and Infirm and report that they find the inmates comfortably cared for. We recommend that one house be newly covered, the one nearest the Superintendent's house; the houses were clean and in good condition inside. We have examined the Court House and different offices therein and find them kept in perfect order; but we recommend that the roof of court house be attended to at once, and all leaks be stopped, as the property is suffering damage from same; we further recommend that all the tin work about the court house be repainted at once, as it is in bad condition.

E. E. GORHAM, Foreman.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

The Dispensary Holds the Fort.

Raleigh News and Observer.]

The Fayetteville dispensary matter was thoroughly threshed over again in committee yesterday afternoon—this time before the Senate Judiciary Committee.

The committee decided to recommend the bill as it came over from the House, which does not leave the matter to a vote of the people.

Both sides were represented by large delegations, and the advocates and opponents of the dispensary filled the Senate chamber comfortably. Both sides were ardent in their views and accentuated their approval with applause, and once or twice their disapproval by hisses. It could scarcely be said that the entire proceedings were marked with the utmost harmony, though the personalities, so far as indulged in, were in the main rather good humored.

Leading citizens of Fayetteville appeared for and against the dispensary law and apparently in Fayetteville, as in South Carolina, the good people are by no means agreed as to whether the dispensary is a blessing or the contrary.

The opponents of the dispensary took the position that the Democratic party in Cumberland county was pledged to submit the question to a popular vote, and that the county Democratic organization favored that course, which, it was argued, was in accordance with the Democratic doctrine of home-rule.

The advocates of the dispensary claimed that the negro vote of the county would hold the balance of power and would vote solidly for bar-rooms, and stated that the dispensary had increased business and decreased crime.

Representative Robinson, of Cumberland county, * * favored submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county.

Mr. George M. Rose presented a petition which he said was signed by 1,100 Democratic voters asking that the question of dispensary or no dispensary be submitted to a vote of the people.

Dr. J. W. McNeill presented a petition which he stated was signed by 1,687 people, 1,300 of them being voters, asking that the dispensary be maintained.

Major Hale stated that he was present in behalf of the Democratic organization, and that the most distinguished citizens of Fayetteville appeared with him. He read a brief asking that the action of the House be reconsidered, and urging that the action had been taken without all the facts before it. The brief was signed by Major Hale as a member of the Democratic State Executive Committee, and by all the county officers except the treasurer, who signed one of the petitions, and by Mr. W. W. Huske, chairman of the county Democratic committee. A letter was read from Chairman McRae, of the Fayetteville township committee, asking that the dispensary be left to a vote of the people.

Senator Williams said that he had been informed before the election by advocates and opponents of the dispensary that it would be satisfactory to have the measure voted on. He favored that course and offered as a substitute for the House bill a bill carrying that provision.

Dr. McNeill said the dispensary was not an issue in the campaign. If any pledges had been made they were purely personal and without the consent of the party organization.

Senator Williams objected to the remark and said what he had done had been for the success of the party; he had accepted the nomination under protest.

Dr. McNeill disclaimed any intention to reflect on the Senator. He stated that of the twenty five Democrats in the Assembly in 1897, 18 had voted for the Dispensary. It was no Republican measure.

Mr. Z. B. Newton, speaking for the dispensary, said he had heard of no pledges. At this point he was interrupted and Senator McIntyre, of the committee, arose and objected to interruptions and personalities.

Continuing, Mr. Newton said that he was surprised that an election should be asked for on the dispensary when the negro would cast the controlling vote. He was sorry to see such ardent advocates of white supremacy as Maj Hale and Mr. Rose taking a position to leave it to a vote, when the negroes held the balance of power.

[Maj. Hale asked if Mr. Newton intended to vote for the amendment eliminating the negro vote. Mr. Newton admitted that he probably would not.—OBS]

Mr. W. W. Huske said that he thought the party bound to submit the question to a vote of the people; otherwise he thought it would disrupt the party. He would vote for the dispensary, but he believed in keeping party promises.

Mr. J. W. McLauchlin said he was a Democrat; he believed in white supremacy, and therefore he was opposed to submitting the question to a vote when the negroes controlled. If the measure was a good one it should not be repealed merely because it was a Republican measure.

Mr. Rose said the question was, "Had pledges been made and were they binding on the party?" He declared that the men present for the dispensary were Prohibitionists before they were Democrats.

Mr. McLauchlin was a good Democrat, but lived twenty miles from Fayetteville, and knew nothing of the workings of the dispensary. The men who opposed the dispensary were the tax payers of the county, and the bone and sinew of the Democratic party. He declared that the opponents of the dispensary had not had a hearing when the dispensary law was first passed. He thought that as the election could not be held before June, the negro vote would be largely eliminated by that time.

Mr. David Oates, replying to Mr. Rose, said that the advocates of the dispensary were Democrats. Whatever the decision of the committee might be they would not desert the Democratic party. He read letters from members of the executive committee and from township chairmen stating that the dispensary had not been an issue in the campaign. He claimed that the dispensary had helped business and diminished crime.

Rev. T. H. Leavitt said it was a question supremely of morals. He thought that the wishes of 350 women should be as weighty as that of 350 negroes.

Mr. Rose interrupted and stated that there was not a negro on his petition.

Mr. Leavitt continued that if a half dozen men were taken out of the matter it would drop. It was a matter of pecuniary benefit.

* * * * *

Mr. William Campbell said that Ray had pledged himself to submit the dispensary question to the people. All the opponents of the dispensary desired was local self government. He thought the advocates of the dispensary had done the opponents an injustice in attributing to them mercenary motives.

At the conclusion of Mr. Campbell's remarks the committee went into executive session and agreed to report the House bill. This means that the dispensary will be retained.

THE LEGISLATURE

Thursday's Proceedings.

IN THE SENATE.

Bills passed as follows: To declare the Southeastern Railroad Company duly incorporated. To prevent live stock from running at large in Cross Creek township, Cumberland county.

R. H. Hicks having declined to serve on the board of directors for the state's prison, B. W. Ballard, of Franklin, was elected.

IN THE HOUSE.

The house met at 10 o'clock.

A memorial from the people of the town of Dunn was presented, asking for a dispensary.

Bills were introduced as follows: By Mr. McNeill, to incorporate the Cape Fear Terminal railway. To incorporate Saratoga, Wilson county. To require sluice-ways for fish in Cape Fear river in Harnett.

The bill passed appropriating $40,000 annually as the regular appropriation for the deaf mute school at Morganton, and $7,000 as a special appropriation, the latter for an addition to the industrial department, cold storage, heating and electric lighting, and plumbing.

A resolution was adopted fixing February 24th as the date of the first meeting of the state board of public improvements.

The announcement was made that the democratic caucus tonight would consider only one clause of the election law; that is the clause fixing the date of the election in 1900, and the proposed constitutional amendment as to public school fund. It was also announced that the joint committee on election law would meet tomorrow afternoon to consider the entire election law.

Mr. Julian introduced a bill to incorporate the Salisbury and Fayetteville Coast Line railway; Mr. Rountree, a bill to appoint W. N. Harriss a justice of the peace for New Hanover.

At noon the special order—the bill to create the county of "Scotland" out of the four southern townships of Richmond—came up, with favorable report. Laurinburg is to be the county seat. The bill passed second reading 86 to 13.

The Coldest Day on Record—Three Below in New York.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, February 9.—This has been the coldest day on record. Three below zero in this city; in Philadelphia 8 above; in Washington 6 above. The weather is clear. In Tampa it is 30 above. The coldest spot in the country is Huron, N. J., 36 below. The trolley system of Brooklyn is frozen. In Chicago it is 21 below zero, the coldest in a quarter of a century; at Bowling Green, Ohio, it is 18 below. Much damage is done in the oil fields. All the gas lines in the city have suspended. In Dubuque it is 29 below, Peoria 28 below, Omaha 23 below, Pittsburg 20 below, Columbus 17 below, Cleveland 14 below, Louisville 14 below. There is much suffering among the poor.

The Cold Wave Continues—Frozen to Death.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Niack, N. Y., Feb'y 10.—The Hudson river is frozen over. The temperature is 15 to 20 degrees below zero throughout Rockland county, 14 to 24 below in Sullivan county.

Syracuse, Feb'y 10.—Some of the public schools are closed on account of the cold, which is 3 below zero. John Hotaling was found frozen to death near Jamestown.

Buffalo, Feb'y 10.—John Wirth was found frozen to death in a sleigh in the suburbs. It was eight below this morning.

Philadelphia, Feb'y 10.—The Delaware is almost blocked with ice. It is 6 below in this city and 10 to 20 below in the State.

Col. Carr Retires.

Durham Sun.

The name of Col. J. S. Carr and the Blackwell Durham Tobacco Company have been inseparably linked together for a quarter of a century. About the year 1870 he became a member of the firm of Blackwell and Green, and from this grew the Blackwell Durham Bull Tobacco Company, of which he was president. It is a great manufacturing firm.

A short time ago Col. Carr sold his interest in the business to other parties, and on Tuesday he severed his connection entirely with the factory. In taking his leave of the business which has been so near his heart, and which he so zealously guarded and so successfully conducted, he made a very feeling and patriotic speech to the office force and managers, telling them of his retirement and that Mr. M. W. Reed would now be in entire control.

The employees part with Mr. Carr with regret. He has been a friend to them and they esteem him more than words can express. He was kind and sympathetic towards them, and holds their highest regard. His care and attention for this great industry is now at an end. He will give his time, attention and active mind to other things—other industries and enterprises in which he feels a deep interest, and this will be to Durham's advantage. The Sun hopes he will have the most unbounded success in whatever he undertakes, for he is of that class of liberal-hearted, public-spirited men who always make the wheels move whenever they take hold of a thing.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for la grippe we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

The Fighting in Formosa.

By cable to the Observer

Tacoma, Feb'y 10—The Empress of Japan brings official Japanese news of the Formosa rebellion, which is practically ended. Seven rebel chiefs surrendered in the last few weeks and two others were killed. Several leaders surrendered their followers, who were pardoned. There has been severe fighting in southern Formosa since the middle of January with heavy losses on both sides.

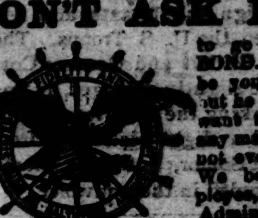
Mr. S. A. Fackler, Editor of the Micanopy (Fla) Hustler, with his wife and children suffered terribly from LaGrippe One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them. It acted quickly. Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for La Grippe, and its exhausting after effects King Bros

Fayetteville Insurance Agents.

THE ÆTNA
Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.
Her Reputation is the best to-day
Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.
Take out a policy on your property
B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

DON'T ASK HIM



to go on your BOND. He may be your friend, but he does not want to go on any man's bond, not even yours. We bond Employes, Officials, Administrators, Assignees, Executors, Guardians, Contractors and all other classes at lowest rates. Full information and application blanks supplied on request.

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Phone 56. 10 Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.

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of insuring your DWELLING, FURNITURE, STORE, STOCK, PLANING MILL, COTTON or NAVAL STORES on storage; property of any kind? Quit thinking and take out a policy, quick. "To-morrow" may be too late. We write in town and country, and in near by towns, at lowest tariff rates. We keep your policy in force; don't allow it to lapse unless requested.

Only the best Companies represented. Fire, Accident, Life, Marine; all kinds. Blank applications sent on request.

NIMOCKS & COOK, Agents,
Phone 56. 10 Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.

Sale of Land to Make Assets.

The undersigned, by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, N. C., directing the sale of the lands of the late D. D. McBryde to make assets to pay debts, I will, on Monday,

The 27th of February,

1899, at 11 o'clock, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C, expose to sale by public auction the following lands, viz:

1st. The lands known as the Residence or Home Place of said D. D. McBryde, being in several different tracts embracing about 420 acres, subject, however, to the widow's dower.

2nd. The McLean Place, about 145 acres, adjoining the lands of Collier, Tew and others.

3rd. About 112 acres, situate in Harnett county, adjoining the lands of John Williams and George D. Elliot, known as Neck Lands.

The purchaser at such sale will be required to give note bearing 6 per cent for the purchase money, to be paid within six months, but may have privilege of paying cash for his bid, taking a deed for the land upon confirmation of the sale.

B. T. McBRYDE,
Commissioner.

January 25, 1899

TABLE CUTLERY,
Pocket Knives and Scissors,
Of good quality of steel at
WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

TELL all your neighbors **ABOUT** the wonderful new Constitutional Cure for **RHEUMATISM.**

The remedy is a Vegetable Compound, Extracts of Roots, Herbs and Barks, no Opiates. Purifies the blood and drives out the poisonous acids that cause the disease, Cures 98 per cent. of the patients. The name is

RHEUMACIDE,

and it Kills Rheumatism.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.

THE VERY FINEST.
The ne plus ultra.
The creme de la creme.
THAT'S
HARPER WHISKY
IN THREE LANGUAGES.
☞ Sold in Fayetteville, N. C.

FARMERS' WIVES
or any other ladies who wish to work
Can Earn Lots of Money
working for us in spare time at home on our cloths. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address
WINOOSKET CO., (25-N. C.,) Boston, Mass., Mfg. Dept.
Dec. 15, 1898—w1y.

FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.
Strictly First-Class Work.
Call at my yard or write for prices.
Respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor,
Fayetteville, N. C.

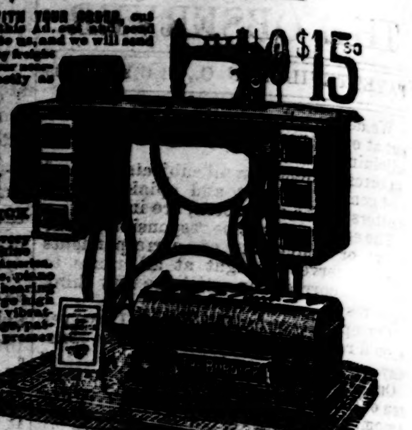
Strayed.

A suitable reward will be offered for the return of two hogs that strayed from the John Buie place on the Center plank road, six miles from Fayetteville. Description: Sow hogs, one a sandy color and the other black and white-spotted with ears dropping over the eyes; both hogs unmarked.

W. A. POOLE.

December 22-4t

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this Ad. out and send to us, and we will send you OUR HIGH-GRADE BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of sewing machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all of which are fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this 7-DRAWER BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house. THE BURDICK has every modern improvement, every good point of every high-grade machine made, with the defects of none. Made by the best maker in America. [illegible] CABINET, BENT COVER. Latest 1899 Skeleton frame, piano polish, fancy nickel drawer pulls, rests on 4 casters, ball bearing adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand, finest large high arm head made, positive four-motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, [illegible] GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-YEAR GUARANTEE is sent with every machine.



$15.50

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $50.00, and then if convinced you are saving $20.00 to $35.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO-DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)
WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

COLLIER'S WEEKLY
January 28, 1899.

The table of contents of COLLIER'S WEEKLY for January 28 contains some exceedingly important features. Paul Leicester Ford's new and powerful serial, entitled "Janice Meredith; a Story of the Revolution," begins in this number. It is profusely illustrated under the direction of Howard Pyle.

'JANICE MEREDITH"

Strong statements concerning the Treaty now under discussion in the United States Senate from Senators Davis, Gray, Frye, Lodge, Foraker, Morgan, Daniel, et al., illustrated by portraits, together with an authorized statement from the Administration, are given.

SENATORS ON THE TREATY

"$5,000 Reward!" a dramatic incident of Western life, pictured by Frederic Remington, appears as the first of a series of Twelve Great Paintings by famous artists, the rest of which will appear during the year 1899.

REMINGTON PICTURE

Special correspondence and pictures from Cuba, with the London Letter, the Opera, the Drama, Literature, and Sports complete this specially striking number.

MANY FEATURES

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

NORTH CAROLINA,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In the Superior Court—Before the Clerk

S. P. Denning, for himself and in behalf of all other Creditors of D. A C. Denning, deceased

Versus

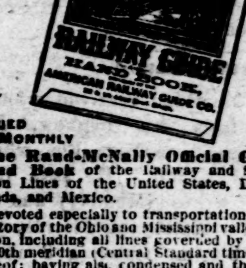
C. C. McClellan, Administrator of D. A. C. Denning, deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors of the deceased, D. A. C. Denning, to appear before me on or before February the 6, 1899, the return day of the summons herein, and file the evidences of their claims. A. A. McKETHAN, C. S. C., Cumberland County.

December 28, 1898.—[oaw-6t

25 CENTS



ISSUED MONTHLY

The Rand-McNally Official Guide and Hand Book of the Railway and Steam Navigation Lines of the United States, Dominion of Canada, and Mexico.

Devoted especially to transportation lines in the territory of the Ohio and Mississippi valleys, the lake region, including all lines governed by the time of the 90th meridian (Central Standard time), and west thereof; having also condensed and through timetables to all other sections.

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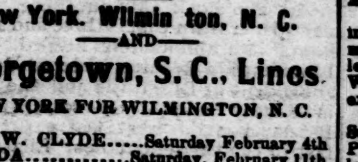

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New York. Wilmington, N. C.
—AND—
Georgetown, S. C., Lines

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday February 4th
ONEIDA.............Saturday, February 11th

WILMINGTON, N. C., FOR NEW YORK.

ONEIDA..............Saturday, February 4th
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, February 11th

WILMINGTON, N. C.. for GEORGETOWN, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE......Tuesday February 7th
ONEIDA...............Tuesday February 14th

No passenger boats.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

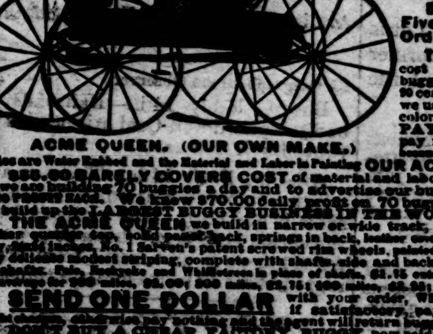
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, Traffic Manager,
5 Bowling Green, N. Y.

W. P. CLYDE & Co, General Agents.

SEND ONE DOLLAR cut this ad out and send to us and if you live East of the Rocky Mountains we will send this HIGH-GRADE TOP BUGGY to you by freight C. O. D. subject to examination, you can examine it at your freight depot and if you find it EQUAL TO ANY $60.00 TOP BUGGY you ever saw, perfectly satisfactory and the GRANDEST BARGAIN YOU HAVE EVER SEEN OR HEARD OF, pay the railroad agent OUR SPECIAL OFFER PRICE $55.00 and freight charges, less the One Dollar sent with order.

$16.50 TO $90.00 BUGGIES AND SURREYS.



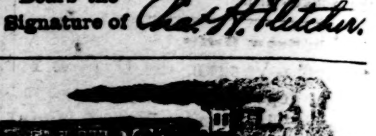
ACME QUEEN. (OUR OWN MAKE.)

BUILT IN OUR OWN FACTORY IN CHICAGO, on honor from the best material money can buy. While in our Free Buggy Catalogue we show, Top Buggies made by other makers at $21.50, $23.75 and $34.75 the exact same buggy that are sold by machinery dealers, at $45.00 to $75.00 and are being widely advertised by many at $38.00 to $50.00. OUR ACME QUEEN AT $55.00 is the most wonderful value ever offered. THE LOWEST PRICE EVER QUOTED ON THE BEST BUGGY THAT CAN BE BUILT. We maintain our own five story buggy factory for the sole purpose of building and selling a BETTER BUGGY THAN WE CAN BUY ELSEWHERE and to SAVE OUR CUSTOMERS MANUFACTURER'S PROFIT. Every Buggy We Make is Guaranteed Five Years and They Will out wear Five Ordinary Factory Rigs. THE MATERIAL AND LABOR IN OUR ACME QUEEN cost more than double that in the ordinary factory buggy. We use a $2.50 cushion cloth, some use 90 cent; we use a $1.50 head lining, some use 40 cent; we use 25 cent leather, some use 8 cent; we use $2.50 colors and varnishes, some use 75 cent and $1.00. WE PAY ALMOST DOUBLE the price most makers pay for Wheels, Axles, Springs, Dashes and Sockets, because WE WANT THE BEST. Our wheels, gear and bodies are Water Rubbed and the Material and Labor in Painting OUR ACME QUEEN would paint three cheap buggies. $55.00 BARELY COVERS COST of material and labor, leaving us the smallest profit imaginable, but we are building 10 buggies a day to advertise our buggy factory we are willing to SELL THEM ON $1.00 PROFIT EACH. We Expect $10.00 daily profit on 10 buggies [illegible] and build up the LARGEST BUGGY BUSINESS IN THE WORLD. THE ACME QUEEN we build in narrow or wide track, cloth or leather trimmed, end springs, buffed leather quarter top, solid panel back, springs in back, leather covered bows [illegible] body [illegible], No. 1 Sarven's patent screwed rim wheels, painted in 16 coats, body black, gear dark green with very delicate [illegible] striping, complete with shafts, side and back curtains, boot storm apron and anti-rattlers [illegible] Buggy weighs 400 pounds and the freight will average for 500 miles, $2.00; 500 miles, $2.75; 400 miles, $2.25; 500 miles, $3.00; 1,000 miles, $5.00.

SEND ONE DOLLAR with your order, WE GUARANTEE the buggy to Reach You Safely and if satisfactory, pay the railroad agent balance, $54.00 and freight charges otherwise pay nothing and the agent will return buggy at our expense and we will return your $1.00. DON'T BUY A CHEAP FACTORY BUGGY now sold almost exclusively by all Machinery Dealers and Catalogue Houses. BUY THE BEST BUGGY MONEY CAN BUILD, direct from the Maker at the LOWEST PRICE EVER KNOWN. ORDER TO-DAY. DON'T DELAY.

WRITE FOR OUR FREE BUGGY, CARRIAGE AND HARNESS CATALOGUE.
Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), CHICAGO, ILL.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*



C. F. & Y. V. CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 20th, 1898.

LEAVE FAYETTEVILLE:

12:20 A. M. daily. Arrive Sanford 1:43 P. M.; Greensboro 4:15 P. M.; Walnut Cove 5:44 P. M.; Mt. Airy 7:35 P. M.

4 02 P. M. daily. Arrive Roseboro 4:52 P. M.; Wilmington 7:05 P. M.

4:33 P. M. daily. Arrive Red Springs 5:35 P. M.; Maxton 6:09 P. M.; Bennettsville 7:15 P. M.

ARRIVE FAYETTEVILLE:

12 M daily from Wilmington and Roseboro

3:52 P. M. daily from Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Sanford and all points North and South.

10:40 A. M. daily from Bennettsville, Maxton and Red Springs.

Local Freight Trains Nos. 7 and 8 with coach attached between Fayetteville and Wilmington.

J. W. FRY, General Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass Agent

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road
AND BRANCHES
AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 103 D'ly ex Sunday.	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
Leave Weldon	12 00	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mt.	1 11	10 36			
Leave Tarboro	12 38		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt.	1 15	10 36	5 45	5 40	1 10
Leave Wilson	2 15	11 16	7 19	6 29	2
Leave Selma	3 15	......			
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 07			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	8 00	......	......
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 20
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 05	4 24
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 30	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily	No. 102, D'ly ex Sunday.	No 32, Daily	No 40 Daily.	No 48, Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 50		7 50		
Lv Fayetteville	12 25		9 42		
Leave Selma	1 50				
Arrive Wilson	2 35		11 35		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 15	9 30
Lv Magnolia				8 55	10
Lv Goldsboro		5 00		10 10	12 05
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 38	12 12	11 20	12 55
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 29	6 15	12 49	11 57	1 37
Ar Tarboro		6 45			
Leave Tarboro	12 31				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 29		12 40		
Arrive Weldon	4 33		1 42		
	P. M.		A. M	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:55 P M, Halifax 4:30 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:15 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:10 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M, and Sunday 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 8:10 A M. and 4:15 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 10:00 A M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent.
J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. T. M. EMMERSON, Traffic Manag'r.